The Bucks County Gazette.

VOL. VIII. BRISTOL, BUCKS COUNTY, PA., THURSDAY, APRIL 21, 1881. NO. 37.

MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR RENT.

A NINE ROOM HOUSE, with all conveniences Radcliffe and Mulberry Sts., Bristol.
H. A. BAILEY.

FOR SALE.

IN BURLINGTON, a Corner Brick Store and Dwelling A good stand. Terms easy. Address F. W. R., Box 80, Burlington, N. J.

WANTED.

A YOUNG MAN WANTED (14 TO 18 YEARS) to learn Photography Six months time required For terms, apply at Bristol Photograph Gallery.

FOR RENT.

A HANDSOME MANSION, with carriage house and large grounds (about 4½ acres) with shade trees and fruit, situate on the river Delaware, at Cold Spring Station, New York division of the Pennsylvania Railroad, 1¼ miles above Bristol, Pa. Address
M. H. BROWN,
719 Walnut Street, Phila.

DORRANCEST. MEAT MARKET.

THEODORE CORNELL

keeps constantly on hand a full supply of MEAT OF ALL KINDS,

at reasonable prices. He respectfully solicits a share of the patronage of the people of Bristol and vicinity

SUPERIOR ARTIFICIAL TEETH.

SETS $3, UPWARDS. Teeth inserted over roots, new process. Impression in the morning, teeth same day. First-class assistants employed. Teeth extracted without pain. Teeth repaired. Gold, Silver, Bone and Tin fillings, $1 00 DR. BASSET, 331 South Fifth Street, East side, near Pine street, Philadelphia. Established 18 Please mention this paper.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

LADIES who have not decided where to get their SPRING DRESSES made should call on

MISS M. B JOHNS

and get fitted properly, by the aid of the Delineator Particular attention to all who are seldom suited elsewhere 118 POND STREET, BRISTOL.

ESTATE NOTICE.

ESTATE of Harriet Euston, late of the Borough of Bristol in the County of Bucks, deceased All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having legal claims against the same will please present them in proper order for settlement to
HARRY LOUDERBOUGH, Executor,
100 Hudson St., Jersey City, N. J.
Or A Weir Gilkeson, his Attorney.
Bristol, Pa., Mar. 21, 1881.

FOR SALE OR RENT.

ON account of ill health I will SELL OR RENT my Store and Dwelling, situated on the corner of Radcliffe and Dorrance streets, Bristol, Pa This property is a very desirable one, both on account of its location and the substantial character of the buildings Terms very reasonable For particulars apply to or address H A BAILEY, Bristol, Pa.

DE LAVAU'S

Whooping Cough REMEDY,

Manufactured over thirty years, has proved to be the most reliable medicine for its purpose ever placed before the public It will STOP THE WHOOPING, FAST EXPECTORATION, and greatly RELIEVE THE SPASMODIC COUGH—usually lasting so long, besides shortening its duration to about half the usual time Being perfectly harmless in its action, the effect of an overdose will only sicken the stomach or produce a slight vomiting It is also an unfailing remedy for the immediate relief of CROUP and HOARSENESS, and a RACKING COUGH and COLD ON THE CHEST it will make a speedy cure. Price 50 cents WM W DELAVAU, Proprietor, Sixth & Wood Sts., Philadelphia. For sale by all Druggists.
For sale in Bristol by H G. PETERS, 83 Mill St

NOTICE!

W. GRACE,
DEALER IN
WALL PAPERS AND WINDOW SHADES,

Would call the attention of the people of Bristol and vicinity to his large stock of WALL PAPERS and WINDOW SHADES Having added largely to his stock of Gold, Ground, and many other grades of PAPER HANGINGS, ranging in price from 6c to $2 50 per piece.

Window Shades

ready made, or made to order, from 50c. to $3 00
W GRACE,
76 Mill Street Bristol, Pa

COURT PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, the Hon. RICHARD WATSON, President Judge of the Court of Common Pleas in and for the county of Bucks and Justice of the Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, in and for said county, by his precept to me directed at Doylestown, at February Term, 1881, having appointed a Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, for the trial of all capital and other offenders in the said county of Bucks, to be held at Doylestown, on MONDAY the TWENTY-FIFTH day of April, 1881, before the Hon. Richard Watson before mentioned

NOTICE IS THEREFORE HEREBY GIVEN, to the Coroner, Justices of the Peace, and the Constables of the said county of Bucks, that they are, by the same precept, commanded to be then and there, in their proper persons at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day with their rolls, records, inquisitions, examinations and other remembrances, to do those things which to their offices in their behalf appertain to be done And also all those who will be or are bound by recognizances to prosecute against them as may be just
SAMUEL L. ELY, Sheriff
Sheriff's Office, Doylestown, April 2, 1881

Bristol Green House.

WE have doubled the size of our establishment since last spring, and are constantly adding new attractions We have a great variety of plants in larger lots than we have ever had, our collection of ROSES is unsurpassed, and we respectfully invite lovers of roses to examine our stock before ordering any through the mail Roses planted directly out of pots possess every advantage over roses received through the mail, or express. The same can be said of all other plants We have 12,000 roses in about 100 varieties, and sell six of one kind and eight of another for ONE DOLLAR These bushes are now in bud and we guarantee them to give the same satisfaction our plants always have In addition to this large stock of roses our establishment is well stocked with every thing that pertains to any first-class floral establishment Those who wait until June to give their orders will fail to get some of the best varieties of roses No one should fail to give us a call between now and Easter. We will take orders for trees, evergreens, etc., for yards and lawns until April 1st. Plants for the vegetable garden, strawberry plants, grapevines, lawn grass seed, etc et A very fine display of cineraria, estelbia Japonica carnation pinks, etc DeWITTS' GREEN HOUSES, Pond street, between Walnut and Penn

JAYNE'S EXPECTORANT,
AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL,
BOSCHEE'S GERMAN SYRUP,
HALE'S HONEY OF HOARHOUND,
BULL'S COUGH SYRUP,
ROSE'S COUGH SYRUP,
SHILOH'S CONSUMPTION CURE,
WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY,
RUSH'S LUNG BALM,
BYRAM'S BALSAM OF HONEY,
EDWARD'S TAR & WILD CHERRY,
and many more
COUGH AND COLD MEDICINES,
at
DR PURSELL'S DRUG STORE,
S. W. COR. MILL & CEDAR STS.
BRISTOL, PA.

An Ordinance

CREATING THE OFFICE OF FIRE WARDEN, AND REGULATING THE ERECTION AND MAINTAINANCE OF CHIMNEYS, FLUES, AND SMOKE PIPES WITHIN THE BOROUGH LIMITS.

Be it ordained and enacted by the Burgess and Council of the Borough of Bristol, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by authority of the same

SEC. 1 That it shall be the duty of the Burgess and Council of the Borough of Bristol, annually, on or before the last Monday in April, to elect by ballot a person to act as Fire Warden, within the limits of the said Borough, whose duty it shall be to examine all chimneys, flues, and smoke pipes, in buildings hereafter erected within the Borough limits, and upon complaint being made of any defective or dangerous chimney, flue or smoke pipe, to cause them to be removed in accordance with the provisions of Section 4 of this ordinance.

SEC. 2. It shall be the duty, and it is hereby required that all persons erecting, or causing to be erected any chimney, flue, or smoke pipe, within the Borough limits, shall notify the Fire Warden of such construction, and upon due examination and acceptance of such construction, the said Fire Warden shall, upon certification of the same to the clerk of Council, be entitled to receive the sum of $1 for each building so inspected

Provided, that for the inspection of a smoke-pipe only, he shall be entitled to receive 50 cents.

SEC. 3. It shall not be lawful hereafter for any chimney or flue to be erected within the Borough limits, in such a manner as that it can be used by the occupants of more than one building, nor shall any joist or trimmers be constructed within 2 inches of any chimney or flue, nor shall any smoke pipe be put through any wooden partition or roof, without being properly guarded from the possibility of fire.

SEC. 4 Any chimney, flue or smoke pipe, now erected within the Borough limits, contrary to the provisions of Section 3 of this ordinance is, and the same is hereby declared to be a nuisance, and upon due notification of the Fire Warden, after complaint has been made to him in writing, by three reputable citizens, shall be removed within one week, provided in his judgment, said chimney, flue or smoke pipe so complained of, shall be dangerous.

In default of which the Fire Warden shall cause the same to be done, and collect the cost thereof, with 20 per cent. added, to apply to the use of the Borough, in the same manner as debts of like amount are now by law collected.

SEC. 5 Any person or persons convicted before any Justice of the Peace of the Borough of Bristol, of a violation of any of the provisions of this ordinance, shall pay for the use of the Borough a fine of $25, and the cost of prosecution, to be collected as debts of like amount are now collectable.

Enacted into an ordinance at the Council Chamber, this 24th day of March, A. D., 1881.
A. L. GARWOOD, Burgess.
Attest—J. WESLEY WRIGHT, Clerk.

[Prepared for the Bucks County Gazette.]

SCIENTIFIC MISCELLANY.

—A recent investigation has led to the discovery of the remarkable fact that intense cold may deprive magnetized steel bars of nearly all their magnetism. This has an important bearing upon observations of the magnetic condition of the earth taken in high latitudes; for what appear to be daily and yearly changes in the earth's magnetism may be due in large part to conditions of temperature, which affect the magnets used in the observations.

—M. Leon Manet has succeeded in bleaching by means of the electric light. The concentrated rays completely decolorize blood albumen in twenty-four hours, under ordinary conditions.

—The obscure poison which produces hydrophobia has been known to lie latent in the human system for years before developing its fatal results. M. Pasteur declares the supposition to be well supported that the virus does develop in certain organs, and not, as in other similar maladies, in the blood; and that when—after a period variable according to circumstances—the organized poison passes into the blood severe symptoms come on rapidly, and the victim soon dies. An explanation substantially the same as this had long been advanced as a mere theory, but now M. Pateur advances it as an ascertained physiological fact

—Eminent oculists having pronounced the reading of German text to be injurious to the eyes, the Bernese government has resolved to discontinue its use as much as possible, and all their official announcement will henceforth be printed exclusively in Roman characters.

—A new safety lamp for miners emits a loud sound whenever an explosive mixture of gas and air enters it, thus giving warning of the presence of fire-damp.

—Dr. Langfeldt has tried a number of substances for destroying microscopic life in drinking water, the most striking results being obtained from citric acid. When one part of the acid was added to two thousand parts of water, life ceased in from one-half to two minutes. Microscopic examination showed that those forms of animalculae having a thick scaly covering are not affected by the dilute citric acid, but only those with thinner coatings. The greater part of these unwelcome visitors belong, however, to the latter class, while the former are visible to the naked eyes, so that a solution of the strength mentioned will suffice as a safeguard. The dead animalculae immediately settle to the bottom of the vessel containing the water, and may be found in the sediment. The solution of citric acid spoils quickly, and it is recommended that it be freshly prepared every day.

—The earth's eastward rotation, together with the increase in rate from the poles to the equator, has a tendency to throw the waters of streams against their western banks sufficient to produce quite marked effects in many parts of the world. It is noticeable in large rivers where the deposits are earthy, and the pitch of the water is small and in the direction of the stream, the bank against which the water strikes the more forcibly being high and steep, while the other is low. The effect has been observed in many streams of Europe and Asia, and on the rivers intersecting the low land of the Atlantic border of the United States.

—M. de Rossi has been led by certain experiments to believe that explosions of fire-damp are preceded by slight undulations and noises too small to be detected by any means except the microphone. He thinks that by the aid of microphonic observations in collieries the presence of large quantities of inflammable gas in the earth might be detected in season to prevent disastrous consequences.

—M. Muntz, by means of a test so delicate as to detect the presence of alcohol in a million times its weight in water, has found that alcohol exists in all natural waters except very pure spring water. It is found in greater quantity in snow, and without doubt floats as vapor in the air. In soils, especially those rich in organic matter, there is a considerable quantity.

—At the Toronto General Hospital a young man's leg was lately amputated at the hip by a platinum wire raised to a white heat by an electric current. The great heat contracted the ends of the arteries as the limb was cut by the wire, so that it was necessary to tie the larger ones only.

—In Sheffield, England, it has been proposed to fix a microphone in the tower of the town clock, and connect it with the telephone exchange. Through this means any telephone subscriber may have his wire switched to the microphone wire, and thus be enabled to hear the clock strike any hour of the day.

—A telegraph wire in India is stretched between the summits of two hills—each hill being 1,200 feet high—across the Kistnah river. The span of wire is over 6,000 feet in length, and is believed to be the longest in the world. The only engineering appliance used in stretching this cable was a common windlass.

—The cranium in giants is usually small in relation to their stature, but often enormous in absolute measure, although their intelligence is generally small. An example was Broca's giant Joachim, credited with a very slight amount of sense. Yet this great imbecile had a huge cranium, and his brain weighed nearly as much as that of Cuvier.

TEMPERANCE TOPICS.

Maine is not satisfied with her prohibition law, but is after a constitutional amendment, a bill to secure which has passed the Senate of that State.

The House of Representatives of Massachusetts has passed a stringent prohibitory bill, and it is believed it will pass the Senate and become a law.

In Rhode Island the whole subject of the liquor traffic is referred to a joint special committee of the two houses, who are giving it careful consideration, and inviting arguments from the friends of prohibition. The committee appear to be unable to decide whether to report in favor of a legislative prohibitory law or a constitutional amendment.

In Connecticut the House of Representatives has defeated a proposed constitutional amendment prohibiting the manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquors.

In Chautauqua county, New York, at the last election, twenty-two towns out of twenty-six (in this State township,) voted against license. Mayville is now the only place on Chautauqua Lake where liquor can be obtained.

In New Jersey a prohibitory bill was under consideration in the House of Representatives, but was so loaded with objectionable amendments that it was withdrawn by its friends.

A local option bill, prepared by the State Temperance Alliance of Delaware, has passed the House of Representatives by a vote of 11 to 8.

Maryland has a Local Option Law in operation. One of Bristol's citizens lately removed into that State avowedly to get away from whiskey, as he could not withstand the temptations that beset him here.

Senator Beck, of Kentucky, refused to present petitions from his constituents to the U. S. Senate in favor of a National Prohibitory Constitutional Amendment.

Commenting upon the fact, the *Good Templars' Advocate* of Louisville says "We have been strongly in favor of Mr. Beck being his own successor in the Senate," but adds:

"Since he has sought an occasion to deliberately treat with contempt the principles of prohibition, thus attempting to cast odium and derision upon the intelligence, honor, and integrity of half the voters of Kentucky, we will measure unto the gentleman the same degree of abhorrence, and tell him since he neither respects our people nor our principles while our Senator in Congress, we will no longer respect his claims or merits, but decide that he has outlived his day, and withhold our votes for some man who will consider our wishes and principles with at least some degree of respectful consideration.

"We want it now distinctly understood that Mr. Beck is not a friend to the temperance cause, and every man who holds the principles of prohibition sacred should at once withdraw their support from such a man as Mr. Beck. He is the avowed friend of the distiller and an enemy to us. Sit down on him with as much independence and contempt as he evidenced in refusing to submit the Ohio petition to the United States Senate."

In Tennessee the Four Mile Law prothat no intoxicating beverages can be sold within four miles of an incorporated institution of learning, unless it is sold within the limits of an incorporated town. This law has been in existence four years. In nearly every rural district in the State they have incorporated a school and driven the dram shop away. The result has been that the whiskey-selling is confined to the towns. Two years ago many of the towns had their charters repealed by the Legislature. Its effect has been wonderful. Since the meeting of the present Legislature quite a number of the towns in different sections of the State have petitioned for repeal. A citizen of the town of Lebanon writes "We have here in our town, Lebanon, one of the oldest and best schools in the South, Cumberland University, with hundreds of students from different States, South and South-west, every year. Our society is fine, but we have been cursed for years with the dram-shops, and it has been very difficult to manage them under our license laws. Our churches, Sunday-schools, and Young Men's Christian Association have done much to mitigate the distress, but it has been a hard fight. On the second Sabbath in January last we held in all the churches in our town temperance meetings at the same hour, and circulated a petition to the Legislature asking a repeal of our town charter that we might get the benefit of the Four-Mile Law. This petition was circulated for several days in the town, and then went to the Legislature. The saloon-keepers circulated a petition also and presented it to the Legislature, and feed lawyers to prevent our bill's passage. We have had a severe and warm struggle, but it is all over. The bill passed last reading and was signed by the Governor. So we will be free. You can say to the friends of temperance that Tennessee will be saved."

Republicans who voted for Mr. Phillips should note that his vote is recorded at Harrisburg against the proposed amendment, and in favor of rum.

In Georgia there is a prohibitory bill before the Legislature.

In North Carolina a bill has passed both branches of the Legislature, prohibiting the importation into the State, and also forbidding the manufacture and sale of liquors. The bill provides that the question shall be submitted to the people for ratification or rejection in August next, and shall go into effect on October 1, if ratified. It is said that the liquor men intend to perfect a thorough organization and raise a large sum of money to defeat the bill.

The Committee on Constitutional Amendments in the Missouri House of Representatives has reported favorably the concurrent resolution submitting to the voters a constitutional amendment prohibiting the manufacture or sale of intoxicating liquors in the State.

An Austin, Texas, telegram announces that on the 9th ult., a bill to submit to the people a constitutional amendment prohibiting the importation, manufacture, and sale of intoxicating liquors in that State, except for medicinal and sacramental purposes, passed the State Senate by a vote of twenty-three to seven.

"The Indiana Local Option Bill was defeated in the Senate on Tuesday, the 1st, by three votes. The Indiana *Farmer* says, "that more than three of those who voted against the bill were elected upon a promise to support it.

Nebraska's legislature has passed a stringent license bill, requiring in cities of the over 10,000 inhabitants, a license of $1,000, and in the rest of the State $500, thirty petitioners to certify respectability, three bondsmen to justify in $5,000 each —both dealers and bondsmen to be responsible for all direct and indirect damages, no blinds, curtains or screens on doors or windows of saloons. Druggists to comply with all these requirements, and keep a register of person, age, sex, date, and amount sold, and swear monthly to its correctness.

In Michigan the legislature refused to adopt a bill providing for a constitutional amendment, consequently the Republican State Convention, held in Lansing, Fubruary 23, passed the following:

"*Resolved*, That the people in all Republican forms of government have delegated to the legislature the power to make the laws, to the executive the power of enforcing the laws, to the judiciary the right of interpreting the laws, but they have reserved to themselves exclusively the right and power of making, altering, or amending their constitution, the fundamental law.

"*Resolved*, That when the people, by petition, manifest a desire to alter or amend the constitution, their wishes should receive that consideration to which they are entitled as coming from the source of all political power."

Kansas has this winter adopted the prohibitory constitutional amendment by vote of the people, and the legislature has since enacted the most stringent law ever made for its enforcement.

In Arkansas the House of Representatives passed a prohibitory bill by a vote of 66 to 17, but it was lost in the Senate.

A correspondent of the New York *Herald*, writing from Tuscaloosa, Ala., February 28th, says: "Alabama is now witnessing the most remarkable social and political movement that has stirred her people since the momentous days of 1860, when the secession whirlwind swept over the State. Petitions signed by almost every class of citizens, without regard to politics, race, color, or previous condition, have gone up to the Legislature asking for the prohibition or regulation of the liquor traffic. The number of bills which that body has passed in the interest of temperance is almost beyond computation. There is scarcely a county in the State that has not its protected district—some church or school within five miles of which liquor cannot be sold—while sweeping prohibition bills have been passed for ten or fifteen counties. The Legislature, which adjourns to-morrow, has been urged to pass a general local option law, so that each county can settle the liquor question for itself by a popular vote; but the fear that such action might affect the political status of Alabama has deterred the majority in that body from enacting such a law. Every branch of the State government is now entirely in the hands of the Democracy, but if the party should commit itself to prohibition by sweeping legislative action it is feared that the whiskey influence, combined with the remnants of Republicanism, might endanger Democratic success in the State elections two years hence. At this time the feeling upon the subject is so intense that it is difficult to see how the prohibition issue can be kept in the background. The probability is that in the next election for members of the General Assembly the contest will not be strictly between Democrats and Republicans, but between the liquor and the anti-liquor men. The people are thoroughly aroused, and unless there is a counter revolution in public opinion before the next session of the General Assembly a prohibition law as stringent as that of Maine will be enacted for Alabama."

A singular fatal accident occurred lately at Hobart, Australia. Mr. F. W. Mitchell, who had been ailing for some months, was lately in the dress circle of the theatre in company with his wife and was suddenly seized with a fainting fit, to which he was subject. His wife had a bottle of liquid ammonia in her pocket and she held it to his nose; but the nervousness induced by her fright caused her hand to tremble, and some of the liquid was spilled into his mouth and swallowed by him. He was immediately conveyed to his residence, and after a very painful night he died. At the inquest it was proved that the cause of death was collapse, resulting from the administration of a small quantity of liquid ammonia. The jury returned a verdict of accidental death.

[From the Argonaut]

THE SICILIAN RENEGADE.

FROM THE ITALIAN OF BIAGIO MIRAGLIA.

The night was stormy. The wind howled through the tall pines bent before it. From time to time flashes of flame shot over the black bosom of the sky, followed by peals of thunder that seemed to shake the mountain. By the glare of the lightning there could be seen, at intervals, the gothic towers of an ancient convent. The heaped up thunder-clouds seemed like the battalions of an army assailing the venerable pile. The convent was that of Policastro, situated near the city of that name in southern Italy.

In the darkness might be discerned the figure of a man leaning against a tree. Apparently unconscious of the rage of the storm, he remained there; his eyes fixed upon the convent towers. Upon his head he wore a turban, and a long white mantle was thrown around him. Near by a beautiful Arabian horse pawed the ground. He was evidently a Saracen warrior. But what was his errand near the convent at that hour, and such a night? What could he have to do with the saintly women who there devoted themselves to God? But he is troubled—broken words escape from his lips. He speaks the Italian tongue, in the dialect of the Sicilian mountaineers. It is a renegade.

"She is there—my Gabriella! Ten years have passed since her inexorable father shut those gates upon her rather than allow her to become my bride. It has ever shone before me like a star—in dungeon, in desert, in camp, on the field of battle. It was her image that inspired me in combat against the Christians; it was the thought of winning her one day that made me a Pacha. And now, O Gabriella mine, I am here, with a thousand good scimetars at my back to rescue you from your living tomb!"

* * * * * *

The chronicles of the Kingdom of Sicily tell of the exploits of an audacious corsair, of Calabrian origin, who was the terror of the Italian seas. He was called Carlo, and was born in Policastro. Of humble birth, and left an orphan at an early age, an old priest took him to his home, and gave him instruction in both sacred and profane literature. But, when he arrived at manhood, Carlo fell desperately in love with the daughter of a powerful nobleman. From that moment he devoted all the forces of his soul to winning her. It was a senseless undertaking, for she was the daughter of an ancient house, and he of plebeian birth. But love ever laughs at rank; and soon Gabriella loved Carlo. For a time their affection was not noticed. But what is hidden love?

Amor celato fa siccome fuoco
Il qual procede senza alcun riparo

The servants first found out the lovers' secret; and from lip to lip it passed until it reached her father's ears. His rage was terrible. His daughter was forced to take the veil, and renounce the world for the cloister. Carlo was spirited away by night, and sold as a slave to the Algerian pirates who infested the coast. But the desire for revenge, a most absorbing passion to an Italian, inspired him to abjure faith, and to enroll himself in the Saracen forces.

* * * * * *

Despite the storm and the darkness, a part of the Mussulman battalians had succeeded in climbing the heights of Policastro. The captain, in his eagerness, had outstripped them, and was standing before the convent gates. From the plain below came the sound of neighing horses, of confused voices, of clashing arms, mingled with the noise of the elements.

But suddenly another clamor joins the grand chorus of man and nature. The bells of the churches in the valleys below peal for the alarm. From peak to peak flash forth fires; from lip to lip goes the cry "To arms! To arms! The Saracens are upon us!" The hardy mountaineers pour from out their humble dwellings; the troops from Policastro sally forth; the people are aroused.

As day breaks the tempest dies away. The rising sun sends his long shaft so orange over the Ionian seas. The clouds flee from his face, the flowers, but now terrified by the tempest, lift up their heads to greet him. Qutting his ocean bed, he claps the palpitating earth in his gorgeous arms.

Naught is beautiful as this favored land after a storm. But while the passions of nature are appeased, those of man are not. In the midst of the groves on the mountain side rush the furious combatants. The barbaric cries of the Saracens mingle with the shouts of the Sicilians. The Christian warriors force their way to the mountain top, and the tide of battle surges under the convent walls. But despite Scicilian valor, the Christian forces are slowly beaten back; soon the plateau at the top of the peak is cleared of them, and a Saracen squadron is drawn up before the great gates of the convent. At their head rides a tall and swarthy soldier, clad in rich vestments. It is the renegade. A soldier advances to the gates, and stating the name and title of his leader, formally demands that Sister Gabriella be delivered up to him.

Sombre and pensive the renegade sits upon his Arabian steed, waiting for the gates to open—waiting for his love to come forth from her living tomb. His eye wanders over the vast amphitheatre formed by the peaks around Policastro, from which floats the standard of the cross. Thoughts of his youth and of his abandoned faith come over him as he contemplates the smiling valley and the spires pointing heavenward.

Suddenly a strange sound strikes the Saracenic ear. It is the convent choir—the voices of the nuns, singing their matinal hymn. Even to these barbarous warriors the jangling clash of arms is not in accord with sweet voices, and they are involuntarily still.

But the renegade fancies that he can distinguish the voice of Gabriella. For an instant soothed by the singing, his wrath returns. Indignant at his momentary weakness, he recovers himself and bids his soldiers force an entrance to the cloister.

Within the convent the nuns, like affrighted doves, have huddled together in the chapel, praying for divine help against the infidels. One of them has thrown herself upon her face before the gigantic cross, and is praying. It is Gabriella.

"Aid me, O Lord, against myself! For I have seen Carlo, and I fear. But what if he come to me—if I hear his voice at my side—if he extends his strong arm? I fear, Lord, I fear, for I love him still!"

* * * * * *

A crash! The gates have fallen in! The chapel is filled with Saracens. In the van there hastens a tall warrior, who seeks for some one. His eye soon discovers the form of Gabriella, prone upon the chapel floor, clasping the base of the marble cross. The violence of her agitation has deprived her of animation; her face is colorless, she looks as one dead.

The renegade approached, and seized her in his arms.

"At last, Gabriella, after all these years, do I hold you in my arms. Do you not know me? 'Tis Carlo, who has come to break your chains!"

Gabriella remained long silent. At last he heard her murmur:

"It is his voice! Oh, aid me, heaven! I feel the flames of my fatal love reviving."

"What!" said the renegade, bitterly, "do you repulse me? Think of what I suffered for you. I have braved slavery and death. I have crossed ocean and desert. I have defied the wrath of God and man. And is it thus, *thus* that you reward me for my devotion!"

But she did not seem to hear him. She spoke as to herself

"They told me that he was dead. And I—I took the irrevocable vow. Yet for his sake I would give my poor life a thousand times; but my soul!—alas!" She shuddered, and was silent.

The renegade eagerly seized her hand.

"Then you love me still, Gabriella? Come—fly with me! Let us leave this cloister, where the very air is heavy, and not fit to give life to young and loving hearts. Come, Gabriella, quit your cage, and launch yourself out into the free air of life!"

"Alas, Carlo, pity me, but do not take advantage of my weakness—of my sacrilegious love for you. The hand of God would lie heavy upon us were I to go. I dare not fly from here. For life and death I must remain. All that is mortal of me must repose under these stones beneath our feet."

No, Gabriella? There is a god more terrible than yours—at whose voice the Asian mountain tremble, before whose face the African deserts shudder. Incense goes up to him from the Himalaya to the Atlantic shore, and his name is heard on the Auxine and the Bosphorus. Allah-il-Allah." He burst into a hoarse shout. "The cry of my tortured heart has reached him, and he has given you to me. Look! his crescent flag floats from the gates, his soldiers are around us Come, my love! We will fly to the land of the rising sun, and there, O Occidental Peri, you shall be my sultana!"

While the hapless Gabriella, fascinated by her lover's glance, listened to him with a mixture of fear and love, a strange rumbling sound smote their ears. It seemed to come from the bowels of the earth. The horses of the Saracen warriors started with affright, and, defying bit and spur, dashed down the mountain side. In their mad terror, they heeded not the precipices, and many a bold barbarian met his fate on the rocks below. An unseen power shook the mountain. The sky was blue and cloudless, and there was no wind, but the trees sighed and shook their limbs, while the birds darted forth from the branches, uttering cries of distress.

The subterranean mutterings grew louder, the earth shook, the stained glass panels of the lofty windows flew into fragments, and clattered upon the stone floor. the paintings upon the walls were torn, and shook like leaves before the blast, the statues of saints tottered in their niches, and fell with dull reverberations, to the stones: the towering dome trembled upon its crumbling supports. A thick and stifling dust arose, and obscured the already gloomy hall

"See!" cried Gabriella, "'tis the hand of God! Fly, while it is yet time, Carlo! Fly for your life! Let my death suffice, O Lord!" she murmured.

But he encircled her with his strong arm, and bore her slight form toward the entrance. He stood upon the threshold, his friends outside hastened toward him: one step more, and they were without the doomed convent. But again the convulsed earth gave forth its rumblings, the threshold rose up under his feet—it hurled them back into the chapel. The two lofty towers came thundering down before the door.

The renegade and the maiden were entombed alive.

* * * * *

Gabriella disengaged herself from the renegade's grasp, and looking around upon the rocking walls, she cried

"An invisible Hand detains us, Carlo. It is vain to struggle against our fate. My prison has become our sepulchre. But, oh, with you I neither fear death nor hell!" She threw herself upon his bosom. "May the hour of divine vengeance be that of our spiritual nuptials!" she cried. "Fall upon our heads, O walls!" Engulph us, O earth! Naught can deprive us of our love!"

And if in answer to her invocation a muffled sound was heard, like the tramp of a mighty army. The mountain again trembled to his base. The stone flooring of the chapel rose up as if struck by Titans from below. The stones heaved and rolled like the waves of the sea. The mighty columns supporting the roof shivered and writhed; the walls approached and receded again. The groaning floor burst in places, and the ghastly skeletons below rose to the surface, their hideous, grinning faces seeming to invite the lovers to a home with them.

Gabriella seemed inspired. Her long hair, freed from its confinement, flowed behind her; her eyes gleamed like those of a Sibyl.

"Embrace me, Carlo!" she cried wildly; "kiss me—love defies death!"

Suddenly the earth seemed to disappear from beneath their feet, as if the mountain had been swallowed up. Like a flash the immense building disappeared in the yawning gulf. The mountain had split in two, and one of the halves had doubled upon itself, the top falling into the gulf between. But the earth in its agony would not be still. Another effort, and the mountain rolled back again, forcing the convent to the top, as the ocean casts a shipwrecked mariner upon a rock.

And now the Sicilian sun shone upon a scene of desolation. The mountain was still, but its crest was split in twain, and upon the brink of the precipice thus formed stood a part of the ruined convent. The gigantic marble cross still stood erect, as if defying the efforts of the earthquake. At it base lay the lovers, the young girl's head supported upon the renegade's arm. He was uninjured, but she —more fortunate than her lover—was dead.

* * * * * *

The legend adds that the renegade never left the confines of the convent, but that he lived there to the end of his days. Silent and sombre, he ceaselessly sought for his loved one; through the deserted cells and the abandoned halls he pursued his way; over the trembling stairs he climbed; in the sinuous labyrinths beneath the building he hid when men approached.

Soon the ivy, with pitying hand, covered the disfigured walls with its green mantle; the spider spun his web on the ceiling; the owl made his retreat in the silent vaults. But when the renegade, pursued by the cries and sobs which the wind brought to his ears, sought a refuge in these obscure depths, even the owl would fly affrighted before him, so loaded was he of sin. The people believe, too, that on the eve of the "Day of the Dead," the renegade's form may be seen on one side of the abyss, Gabriella's on the other. that after vainly attempting to reach each other they disappear, the renegade to hell, to suffer endless torment, the maiden to purgatory, to expiate her sin.

NOTE.—Miragha, the transcriber of the legend, states that it is founded upon veritable occurrences, a monkish manuscript which he found giving about the same facts, minus the supernatural element. In regard to earth giving up its victims, a similar fact occurred in 1784, near Terranovo, when a physician named Taverna was swallowed up by one shock, and released by another. In the same year, Mount Scilla, upon which was the village of Molochiello, split in two parts, very much in the manner described in the legend. (See Botta's "Storia d'Italia," lib. 49)

LIFE'S BRIGHTEST HOUR.

Not long since I met a gentleman who is assessed for one million. Silver was in his hair, care upon his brow, and he slightly stooped beneath his burden of wealth. We were speaking of the period of his life when he had reached the most perfect enjoyment, or rather when he had found the happiness to be nearest unalloyed. "I'll tell you," said the millionaire, "when was the happiest hour of life. At the age of one and twenty I had saved up $800, I was earning $500 a year, and my father did not take it from me, only requiring that I should pay for my board. At the age of twenty-two I secured pretty cottage just outside of the city. I was able to pay two-thirds of the value down, and also furnish it respectably. I was married on Sunday—a Sunday in June—at my father's house. My wife had come to me poor in purse, but rich in the wealth of her womanhood. The Sabbath and the Sabbath night we passed beneath my father's roof, and on Monday morning I went to my work, leaving mother and sister to help in preparing my home. On Monday evening, when the labors of the day were done, I went not to the paternal shelter, but to my own home. The holy atmosphere of that hour seems to surround me even now in the memory. I opened the door of my cottage and entered. I laid my hat on the little stand in the hall, and passed on to the kitchen—our kitchen and dining-room were all one then. I pushed open the kitchen door and was in heaven! The table was set against the wall—the evening meal was ready prepared by the hands of her who had come to be my helpmate in deed as well as in name—and by the table, with a throbbing and expectant look upon her lovely and loving face, stood my wife. I could only clasp the waiting angel to my bosom, thus showing to her the ecstatic burden of my heart. The years have passed—long, long years —and worldly wealth has flowed upon me, and I am honored and envied, but—as true as heaven—I would give all—every dollar, for the joy of that June evening, in the long, long ago."

PEASANT LIFE IN NORMANDY.—Nearing Amiens, we begin to perceive, without doubt, that we are in a foreign country. True, the landscape is not unlike our English rural landscape, when especially inane, and the farm-house and buildings are like most others we know; but there is dawning a difference. For instance, in England we never saw those huge, queerly-harnessed horses, with great sheep-skins hung at their necks, on the top of their collars, and bits of shiny brass dangling and jangling about their forelegs in a fashion which British Dobbin would never submit to for an instant. And our indigenous British Hodge, how very unlike him is this Norman peasant, in his invariable blue blouse, which dots the view with a bit of refreshing color. He just stops in his plowing or wagon driving—and what queer shaped wagons they are!—to look up as the train skims by, and, if near enough, we perceive that he is spare-made, sharp-featured, generally bearded, but has a neatness of costume and intelligence of face rather beyond Hodge's. It sets us moralizing and speculating on his daily life—what sort of cottage or hovel he lives in, what kind of people are his wife and children, and whether, supposing we were to drop in upon them at their supper to-night, we should in the least understand them, or they us, in language, habits, or sympathies, any more than if we had dropped from the moon. This, with only an hour and a half of sea running between! It takes down our insular pride considerably. Truly, the world is a wide place.—*Mrs Muloch Craik.*

It is believed that the railroad tie of the future will be cut from the beautiful catalpa tree The Fort Scott, Texas and Gulf Railroad have planted 300 acres of young trees, and the Iron Mountain Railroad 100 acres, near Charleston, Mo. On the track bed of the latter company ties of this wood have lain in the muddy silt of the Mississippi for twelve years, and they are still in a good state of preservation. They have outlasted two sets of white oak ties, and bid fair to survive the third. Fence posts in Indiana and Illinois are now sound after having been in service for forty, fifty and even seventy-five years. In the muddy regions about Cairo, where it is grown extensively, it is used as "corner stones" for the most substantial buildings. It is of an elastic nature, but not so soft and light as cottonwood. Dr. John A. Warder, President of the American Forestry Association, claims for the catalpa a durability and power of resistance to the influence of the elements possessed by no other wood. It is found in the Mississippi valley and on the shores of the tributaries of the great river. It bears a large white, highly perfumed flower, and grows rapidly.

Fogg had had one small helping of the steak, and Mrs. Jones asked him why he did not take a second instalment. "I was waiting to have it tendered, ma'am," said Fogg. Mrs. Jones smiled sweetly, but her face was crimson. As soon as the breakfast was over and the boarders were gone, Mrs. Jones was poring over the dictionary for the different meanings of the verb "to tender."

Water filtered through charcoal becomes perfectly pure.

FOOD AND DIGESTION.

Dr. Hawkes, Professor of Physiology in the Hahnemann Medical College, read an interesting paper the other afternoon before the Women's Physiological Institute, in the lecture-room of the Chicago Athenæum, on "Food and Digestion." After some interesting remarks on the chemical composition of food and the process of mastication and digestion, the Professor enumerated as the chief cause of indigestion the peculiarly-American stomachic vice of hurried eating. Good, perfect digestion might be said to be almost unknown to the average American. What with rapid eating, lack of sufficient sleep, and want of rest, nature had no adequate provision for such extraordinary expenditure of nervous force Ordinarily some men swallowed as much in ten minutes as it would require three-fourths of an hour to eat, and the result was not only that they ate too much, but the food which they took into their stomachs was unphysiologically masticated, and the stomach given a duty to perform which properly belonged to the organs of mastication. These unnatural drafts on nature's forces must, unless checked, tell sooner or later on the general health. The bolting of food was almost universal in this country, and second to no other cause in producing indigestion. The use of liquids during a meal was all wrong, for the reason that it tended to a disuse of the organs of mastication, while plenty of liquid before and after a meal was not only proper but beneficial. Nothing, however, should be taken into the stomach that was either hotter than the blood or colder than the atmosphere. Unnecessary dessert, eaten when the appetite was already sated, was another evil, while a still further cause of indigestion lay in the growing practice of indulging in hearty six-o'clock dinners. The Professor admitted, however, that for certain classes of business-men, such as bankers, Board of Trade people, etc, a noonday dinner would practically amount to suicide; but for people who could eat a hearty dinner in the middle of the day, and who were in the habit of retiring early, an evening dinner was wholly inadvisable, for the reason that it allowed too little time for digestion. Coffee-drinking was duly deprecated as both needless and injurious to health, and a reform in all the directions indicated was urged as the only remedy for the great American evil—indigestion.—*Chicago Tribune.*

The table of contents of the May *International Review* embraces a number of articles of interest and value. The place of honor is accorded to Mr. A. V. Dicey, who writes about England's Chief Justice, who died last year—Sir Alexander Cockburn Though the article has little of the biographical element, and gives but a meagre idea of its subject's life, it is valuable as showing the great advocate and Judge's legal career. Mme. Z. Ragozin contributes the conclusion of her paper upon "The Last Trial of Russian Nihilists," the first part of which has been so well received and favorably referred to by the press. "Taxation of Inter-State Commerce" forms the theme for a short essay by Mr. Brooks Adams. Mr. William G Low writes concerning "The Balance of the Geneva Award." Another article bearing upon political matters is by Mr. Henry Gannett upon "The Alleged Census Frauds in the South." Mr. W. Fraser Rae discusses "The Life and Writings of George Eliot," in a manner that will be found to be interesting and instructive, notwithstanding the great amount already written about her. Mr. I. N. Ford writes of the "Constitutional Tendencies in France." An article by a bright young Japanese student in America, Mr. K. Mitsukuri, upon "Recent Changes in Japan," may be called the novelty of the number, and it will also be found to be a piece of literary work worthy of the pen of men who have not been obliged to learn a foreign language as a preparation. The number is concluded with a short criticism upon some recently published histories of the United States. The number is meaty, and contains an unusual amount of interesting reading. New York. A. S. Barnes & Co. Five dollars a year, fifty cents a number.

The North American Review for May contains a striking article by the Hon. David Dudley Field on "Centralization in the Federal Government." That our polity is rapidly advancing in the direction of centralization is demonstrated by the author, but whether centralization is really a formidable evil or only a bugbear is a question which men will probably continue to decide according to their several political predilections. Whatever the reader's bias, Mr. Field's paper will command his respectful attention, and it will be read with interest and profit. The second article is upon the new revision of the Bible, by the Rev. Dr. Schaff, of the American Committee of Revision Mr Justice Strong writes of "The Needs of the Supreme Court," and advocates the establishment of a court of appeals, intermediate between the U. S. Supreme Court and the circuit courts. The Hon. George Q. Cannon, the first advisor of the President of the Mormon Church, and delegate to Congress, makes a vigorous defence of "Utah and its People." The question, "Shall Americans build Ships?" is considered by Mr. John Roach, the ship builder, who brings forward a large number of facts to prove that the people of of the United States must build ships if they would hold a place among maritime nations. The other articles are "The Life-Saving Service," by the Hon. S. S. Cox. "The Ruins of Central America," by M. Charnay, and finally, an attack on evolution philosophy, written in a vein of the finest irony, and entitled, "What Morality Have We Left?"

Appletons' Journal for May gives the second and concluding part of Professor Georg Elbers's Greek novelette, "A Greek Idyl." This story is said to have been suggested by a painting by Alma-Tadema. It presents a charming picture of domestic life in ancient Greece. Helena Faucit Martin's papers "On some of Shakespeare's Female Characters" are continued, Desdemona being now treated. Lady Martin is original and suggestive in many of her views, and she writes in an entertaining manner. There is a searching and effective paper on "Byron," by Matthew Arnold, and two sketches, embodied in one article, on Keble and Dr. Newman, by James Anthony Froude. "Madame de Stael," "The Metternich Memoirs," and an article on Thomson, the new English poet, form the distinctive literary papers. "Art Needlework" is discussed by Lady Alford, Vice-President of the Royal School of Art Needlework, and the well-known painter G. F. Watts. A readable paper on "King Lear" and a short story called "Robert Wyeth" complete the body articles. Henry George's "Progress and Poverty," and his argument against the justice of private ownership of land, which has recently attracted considerable attention, is subjected to a close analysis by the editor, who makes several good points against the new philosophy. "Notes for Readers" makes a very agreeable department.

—A new form of thermometer indicates the temperature of any place at a considerable distance through the agency of electricity.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

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JESSE G. TRUMAN, Editor.

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Thursday, April 21, 1881.

AN HONEST CONFESSION.

Here in the North there are some respectable, law-abiding Democrats who have indulged in the belief and hope that the reports of Ku-Kluxism, and its kindred crimes, existed only in the imagination of correspondents, who wove the tale for publication in Northern papers for political effect. Now that the reign of Bourbonism in the South is in a fair way of being broken, we have occasional confessions from those who hitherto acted with the dominant party, which is rather damaging to that theory. One honest Southern Democrat, the editor of the Lebanon (Tennessee) *Herald*, a Democratic newspaper, tells some truths that may open the eyes of his Northern brethren. In speaking of Judge Tourgee's famous book--The Fool's Errand," he says "Judge Tourgee attained prominence by the authorship of a book which attracted general attention and provoked much comment—"A Fool's Errand"—and yet no Southern man untinctured by blind Bourbonism, can deny that in the main the book is a just and accurate delineation of the state of society in the South during the period of reconstruction. It tells us some unpleasant truths, not altogether in the pleasantest way, but the truth is always desirable, and the sooner the people of the South get rid of that supersensitiveness which resents facts as insults, the better for all concerned. The writer of this paragraph was a Confederate soldier, and afterward a member of the much abused "Ku-Klux Klan"—and he has therefore a right to say, as he does here, that "A Fool's Errand" is entirely too true to be altogether agreeable."

—Benjamin D'Israeli, (Lord Beaconsfield,) is dead. He departed this life at 5½ o'clock on Tuesday morning, April 19. He was born in London, December 21, 1805, and was consequently in the 77th year of his age. He was one of England's great statesmen, and one of her leading authors. Among the books from his pen, in the list of novels, were "Vivian Grey," "The Voyage of Captain Popanilla," "The Young Duke," "Contarini Fleming," "The Wondrous Tale of Alroy," "The Rise of Iskander," "Henrietta Temple," "Coningsby," "Sibyl," "Tancred," "Lothair," "Endymion," and several others. He was also the author of several political works, plays, &c. Lord Beaconsfield, who, several days previous to his decease seemed to be growing better, giving hopes of recovery, had a relapse on Monday night and rapidly sunk, being perfectly conscious to the last. By his bedside were Drs. Kidd and Quain, and Lords Rowton and Barrington

—It is to be feared that New Jersey will keep company with Delaware in the smallness of the peach crop. J. M. Baldwin, of Sidney, N. J., has been examining the buds in that vicinity, and reports as follows Late Crawford, nine-tenths dead. Old Mixon, two-thirds dead Prince Rareripes, one-half dead, Morris Rareripes, one-third dead. Smocks, less than one-third. Still, there is some encouragement in these figures, for if the trees are full of buds a fair crop of fruit may be brought to maturity.

—The Texas Court of Appeals has declared unconstitutional, as being an infraction of the amendments to the Constitution, the Legislative act of Texas under which a white man had been sentenced to the penitentiary for having married an octoroon wife. Similar laws, though somewhat less severe, exist all over the cotton States, and the same decision applies to them all, of course.

—Bernhardt, Salvini and Buffalo Bill appeared at three Philadelphia theatres last Monday evening Berdhardt's audience was small, and Salvini's of moderate size, while Buffalo Bill had a crowded house. "I did feel a little anxious," said the latter, "playing against such strong rivalry, but it turned out all right. Oh, the public knows a good thing when it sees it."

—All the Nihilists, except the woman Hesse Helfmann, who is enceinte, condemned to death for connection with the Czar's assassination, namely, Russakoff, Michailoff, Kibaltschitsch, Jeliaboff and Sophie Pieoffsky, were hanged at ten o'clock Friday morning. Michailoff's rope broke twice. Order was not disturbed. There was an immense concourse of spectators.

—It is generally believed that the body of A. T. Stewart has been placed in the cathedral crypt at Garden City, with alarm wires leading from it to the chimes, so that any attempt to again interfere with it will sound an instant alarm.

—The original Garfield man has been remembered by the President. Yesterday he was nominated to be Third-Assistant Postmaster-General. His name is W. A. M. Grier, and he lives at Harleton.

—It is reported from Oregon that ex-Senator Joseph Lane of that State, who ran for Vice-President on the Breckenridge ticket in 1860, is in declining health and not expected to survive long.

—The Girard House, Philadelphia, now luxuriates in the electric light. Gas cost them $1 an hour. The cost of the ten electric lamps for the same length of time is seventeen cents.

—The Republican State Central Committee met last Thurday in Harrisburg, and decided to hold the State Convention in that city on the 8th of September next.

—Six more political prisoners will be tried at St. Petersburg, at the end of this month—three of them of noble rank—for complicity in Nihilism.

[Correspondence Bucks Co Gazette]

NEW YORK LETTER.

NEW YORK, April 18th, 1881,

EDITOR GAZETTE:—New York has put on its spring attire, and in spite of dirty streets and an indigenant community, is now as gay and brilliant as any city to be found in Europe or America. The florists' windows which, by the way, are a feature of street decoration peculiar to this country, are ablaze with bright colors and blossoming with pyramids of the lovliest flowers, and during the week just passed, the stationers and confectioners have not been far behind in their decorations, with strings of pictured cards and their artistic and ingenious receptacles for bon bons in silks, satins, and basket work. Speaking of Easter cards, the multitude and variety in which old and young Gothamites indulged last week, was never greater, while the Post Office officials assert that the mail on Saturday, far exceeded that of any previous one at this season, and reminded them more of St. Valentine's day that any other.

Our streets are getting dirtier every day, while the public is getting madder, and not a little alarmed withal, when they consider the largely increased mortality over the same period last year. And, is it surprising that heads of families are a little anxious, when we consider that, while the death rate for the first three months of 1881 was 6,802, in the same period this year it has been 9,105, and increase of 2,303?

The rush for Europe is unprecedented for an "off year." There is no exhibition abroad, and the only events in the Old World are the adjustment of the Greek boundary troubles and the hanging of the Nihilists at St. Petersburg, and yet the steamships, on Saturday alone, carried away from our shores three hundred and fifty saloon passengers. Of these, one hundred and eighty-five were on the Britanic, while the balance sailed on the Oder, Anchoria and Zeeland.

There was some excitement in financial circles on Friday, when it was rumored that Francis T. Iselin, senior member of the firm of Iselin & Barker had misappropriated and negotiated funds held in trust by his firm. The excitement was short lived, however, for the firm liquidated in full, and was then dissolved, Mr. Barker concluding "to play it alone" hereafter. Mr. Iselin comes of a wealthy family, and has led the life of rather a gay young man. He is said to have squandered his own fortune, and certainly has withdrawn from circles in which he was once a conspicuous figure. He was one of that aristocratic set who like to ape the manners of our English cousins, to play polo, to ride to the hounds across the country, and drive four-in-hand teams, all of which are very expensive luxuries.

And speaking of four-in-hands, reminds me that the Coaching Club will have their annual parade on May 28th, but in the meantime several rich young men will place a four-in-hand coach on the road between New York and Tarrytown, to be run regularly every day for the accommodation of such of the public as have an abundance of this world's goods, and can afford to pay roundly for a luxurious excursion over the best roads and through one of the most delightful regions to be found in the whole country. The trips will be made in three hours each way, and five teams (twenty horses) will be used. Books for the registration of passengers are now open, and seats on the coach are engaged for several weeks ahead.

On Saturday Surrogate Calvin admitted to probate the will of Gertrude B. Callaghan, who left an estate valued at $75,000 to her husband. The will was contested by her half brother, who alleged that it was not a genuine document, or else undue influence was used. A brother of Thomas P. Wallace, the wealthy brewer, who left an estate valued at nearly $100,000,000, is contesting his will. Judge Calvin has proved to be one of the best Surrogates this county ever had, and a discontented heir must have a good case indeed, if he expects to break a last will and testament in his court. During his term of office the Surrogate has issued letters of administration on estates aggregating in value nearly, if not quite, $400,000,000. Among them were the estates of Commodore Vanderbilt, 90,000,000, A T. Stewart, $40,000,000; Wm. B. Astor, $50,000,000, and Peter Cooelet, $100,000,000. One can readily see that the legitimate fees of this office, together with the salary of $10,000 per annum, make it the most desirable judicial position in the city.

Over the river in Brooklyn they have been having the usual amount of excitement. If Beecher's revival was a failure, Tammage's hasn't been, and to hear the latter's theological ranting and Phillip's sweet singing of gospel hymns, the Tabernacle, which holds four thousand persons, has been crowded nightly. But up at the Washington Avenue Baptist Church the same spirit of Christian love and fellowship don't prevail. The trouble is all about the pastor. While some of the richest members advised him to step down and out, by far the largest number voted to have him remain, and in consequence thereof, one hundred and fifty members have asked for letters of dismissal. The Rev. Emory J. Haynes has been pastor of the church for about four years, and under his pastorate the church has grown and flourished. He was formerly a Methodist, and was strong in that faith until transferred from a wealthy charge, where he enjoyed a lucrative salary, to one where the compensation was about seventy-five per cent. less. Then he began to look around him. The Washington Avenue Church was rich, paid a big salary, and wanted a dominie. He was young, eloquent, and had an appreciable estimate of his value as a pulpit orator. He succeeded in procuring an invitation to preach to them. They liked him, but his Methodism stood in the way of a call. He didn't propose that any little thing like that should interfere, however, and quickly changed his coat, was called, accepted, and has since preached to overflowing houses. His style is light and sparkling—some call it frothy—and he is a great favorite with the young people. Another church in Brooklyn will be the ultimate outcome of the quarrel, and as Charles Pratt, the millionaire oil merchant, who is exceedingly liberal in church matters, is one of the seceders, we can expect something elegant in the way of an edifice.

For three weeks the social, financial, and in fact, most all circles of society in the "city of churches," have watched with great interest the proceedings in the case of Deputy *vs.* Hazzard, in which the plaintiff, Mrs. Henrietta C. Deputy, sought to recover the sum of $25,000 for injuries inflicted by the defendant. The case briefly stated was as follows: Wm. H. Hazzard, a man worth a quarter of a million dollars, a prominent church member, and an ex-Commissioner of Public Works, sold Mrs. Deputy a house for $6,500. She run behind in her interest, and he began proceedings in foreclosure. She went to his residence to talk the matter over, and high words passed between them. He is a big, bulky man, nearly six feet high, and weighing over two hundred pounds, while she is a delicate, little woman weighing less than ninety-seven pounds He got into a furious passion and ejected her from the house with such force that she has since been a helpless cripple, with no earthly chance of recovery. The case has been tried twice, the jury on the first trial giving her a verdict of $13,000, which Judge Reynolds set aside on the ground of its being excessive, and in the case just terminated, she received a verdict of $8,500. The case has been tried with consumate ability on both sides, the most eminent counsel being employed, while the array of distinguished physicians who testified, was large. The personal expense of the contesting parties must aggregate a considerable sum. In both trials of the case, Hazzard's bill for doctors alone, will amount to $3,000, for such physcians as he had, received at least $250 a day, while the retaining fees of his lawyers must have made a $2,500 check look dusty. Law suits are very expensive luxuries, even for rich men. If the verdict in this case holds, Mr. Deputy will begin a suit against Hazzard for the loss of the services of his wife. But then Hazzard, who is full of fight, threatens to carry the case up, and the Deputys may not see the color of that $8,500 for a long time.

We have a genuine case of "Boycotting" in our midst. John H. Shults, a wealthy baker, discharged several of his men, and the trades unions have requested that the laboring classes shall refuse to purchase their supplies from grocers that sell Shult's bread. It remains to be seen how successful they will be in thus bringing an obstinate capitalist to terms.

Business is booming The wholesale houses have all they can do, and at the depots and on the wharves, boxes and bales of goods are piled mountain high, awaiting shipment. It is lovely weather, and every one seems happy, the bright sun, after the gloom and darkness of the past winter, seems to make glad the hearts of all with its genial rays. LAURENS.

—"A NAMELESS NOBLEMAN" is the title of the first volume of the "ROUND-ROBIN" Series of anonymous novels, which is to contain works of prominent American writers. This initial story is one of the most picturesque and thrilling of the productions of our recent literature, and will win thousands of delighted readers. The tendency of the best novel-writers of late years has been towards special analytical studies of society and manners, with slight plots and little incident. The nameless author of "A Nameless Nobleman," however, while outlining the characters of the story with delicate precision and consummate art, has given them free life and movement in a most ingenious and complicated plot, equally removed from sensationalism and from dulness. The scenes are laid in Paris and Provence, Quebec and New England, and the actors are French nobles and Puritan rustics, moving in the most quaint and picturesque years of the colonial era.

Without obtrusive definition or ostentatious analysis, the chief characters—the wily, but well-meaning, abbe, the gallant young baron, the lovely Valerie, the sweet Puritan maiden—are clearly indicated, and are combined in situations full of intensity and pathos. The book is full of charming description, stirring dialogues, and dramatic situations, and the veteran reader of romances will fail to guess the *denouement* The interest will not be diminished when it is known that the plot is founded on the actual traditions of an honorable family in the Old Colony of Massachusetts,—a region where ancestral legends are handed down for centuries, with religious care.

The binding of the "ROUND-ROBIN" SERIES is very quaint and pretty, and seems to promise the originality and versatility of contents which the initial volume certainly shows, and which we hope may be continued through the subsequent issues. The second volume, "A LESSON IN LOVE," is now in press. The publishers are James R. Osgood & Co., of Boston, and the price is one dollar a volume.

—The Bernhardt season in Philadelphia closed with an unpleasant quarrel between Marcus Mayer, the representative of Henry E. Abbey, and Charles S. Morley, lessee of the Chestnut Street Theatre. Mr. Mayer demanded $91 due him, and Mr. Morley told him to wait till after the performance. At its conclusion Mr. Mayer attempted to enter the theatre, but was put out by the watchman. Mayer remonstrated and a policeman was called who took him to the police station, where a charge of assault and battery was made by the watchman. A stormy scene between Mayer and Morely ensued, which ended in Mayer's being locked up for the night. Mr. Mayer denounces the affair as an outrage

—E. C. Grovier, a wealthy farmer of Washington's Valley, N. J., shot himself last Thursday. Before killing himself he selected the style of coffin, the text for the funeral sermon, the minister he desired, and the friends he wished for pall-bearers.

—A dispatch from Lawrence, Mass., April 13, says "Early this morning Abiel Wilson, residing on the Salem turnpike, was awakened by footsteps in his house. Soon after his chamber door was forcibly burst open by two persons, when Wilson discharged a rifle, shooting one of the intruders. Both fled, but the dead body of the one shot was found a short distance from the house and proved to be that of Arthur Foster, a student at the Phillips Academy His accomplice was his twin brother Luther, also a student. The latter, after the shooting, appeared and made a full confesson. They were residents of North-Andover, Mass., and sons of a most respectable citizen. Three weeks previously they had attempted to enter the same place. Farther investigation of the crime and its tragic result show that Arthur Foster was a theological student studying for the ministry, and that on completing his studies at the Phillips Academy, he intended to enter the Andover Theological Seminary By the confession of the surviving brother, it appears that the pair entered and robbed Wilson's place six months ago, securing $1000 in money and gold watches. Mr Wilson had in his room some $75,000 worth of stocks, bonds and other securities, the property being under no other protection than the owner's rifle. The object of the men was to secure if possible all this booty, intending to resort to violence if necessary to accomplish their end, they being fully armed. Both had previously been in Wilson's employ, and had no difficulty in passing the watchdog on the premises. The dead burglar was only twenty-one years old. It is thought now that other robberies hereabouts were committed by the Fosters." The brother, Luther, has been committed, on the charge of burglary, in default of $5000 bail.

—Thomas R. Arrison, of Berlin N. J., as he was passing up Cherry street Philadelphia, near Fourth, on Monday, was tripped by three men, and robbed of $362, which he had just drawn from a bank. One of the party was arrested and $110 of the money recovered.

—The latest returns from Scio state that 8000 persons were killed and 10,000 injured by the recent earthquakes. The locality which suffered the most is Nevita, where 1200 were killed.

☞ Lovers of honey will be gratified to learn that Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup is a much sweeter article in winter and much better for a cough.

MISCELLANEOUS

ST JACOBS OIL

TRADE MARK.

THE GREAT GERMAN REMEDY.

FOR

RHEUMATISM,

Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago, Backache, Soreness of the Chest, Gout, Quinsy, Sore Throat, Swellings and Sprains, Burns and Scalds, General Bodily Pains, Tooth, Ear and Headache, Frosted Feet and Ears, and all other Pains and Aches.

No Preparation on earth equals ST JACOBS OIL as a *safe, sure, simple* and *cheap* External Remedy. A trial entails but the comparatively trifling outlay of 50 Cents, and every one suffering with pain can have cheap and positive proof of its claims.

Directions in Eleven Languages.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS IN MEDICINE.

A. VOGELER & CO.,
Baltimore, Md., U. S. A.

Old Things Wanted.

Antique furniture, rare old china, fine cut-glass, old sterling-silver ware, candle-branches, silver shoe-buckles, old plated-ware; everything that is rare, curious and fine. For cash.
Call or address

JOHN WANAMAKER,
Philadelphia.

RIVER STEAMERS

The Steamboat GEM

Leaves Mill street wharf, Bristol, at 8 o'clock, A. M. Returning, leaves Arch street wharf, Philadelphia, at 3 o'clock, P. M.
Fare, 25 cents Excursion tickets, 40 cents.

Trips Resumed.

THE STEAMBOAT COLUMBIA,

ON and after Monday, May 16th, the Steamboat Columbia, will leave Bristol for Philadelphia, at 7,15 A M, touching at Burlington Beverly, Riverton, Torresdale and Andalusia Returning, leaves Philadelphia at 2 00 P. M. Fare, 25c. each way Excursion, 40c.

THE STEAMBOAT TWILIGHT

leaves Chestnut Street Wharf, Phila., at 12 M., for Beverly, Burlington, Bristol and Florence, touching at Riverton, House of Correction, Torresdale, Delanco and Andalusia. Returning, leaves Florence at 3 P. M. and Bristol at half-past Three
Fare, 25c. Excursion, 40c Usual low rates on freight

Trips Resumed to Trenton.

THE STEAMER EDWIN FORREST

Will leave Arch street wharf, Philadelphia, touching at Tacony, Torresdale, Beverly, Burlington, Bristol, Florence, Penn's Manor, White Hill and Trenton.

Leaves Arch St. wharf.			Leaves South Trenton.		
Friday,	22, 7¼	A M	Friday,	22, 11	A.M.
Saturday,	23, 8¾	M.	Saturday,	23, 12½	P M
Monday,	25, 9	A M	Monday,	25, 1	P.M.
Tuesday,	26, 10	A.M.	Tuesday,	26, 2	P M.
Wednesday,	27, 10	A M	Wednesd'y	27, 2	P.M.
Thursday	28, 11	A M	Thursday	28, 3	P M.

Leaves Bristol about one hour and a half after leaving Philadelphia or Trenton.
Fare, Philadelphia to Trenton 40 cts. Excursion 60 cts.
All other places, 25cts Excursion, 40 cts.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SPRING GOODS

—AT—

JOHN WANAMAKER'S.

Our friends in Philadelphia get notice from the daily papers of some of the items of interest relating to the next few days, such as the arrival of new things, changes in styles or prices and any timely information upon topics of interest to shoppers. The most direct and useful news of the store we can give to readers of weekly papers is, perhaps, to be found in these very notices, avoiding such as are of transient interest.

DRESS GOODS.

What art and skill are doing in cotton dress fabrics! Two counters are gorgeous with them The lowest price is 5¼ cents a yard and the highest 62½ cents, but they are made in soft and delicate ways and by texture or print or dye, to rival the stuffs of luxury. Here are their familiar names

Scotch Zephyrs	Foulards
Madras ginghams	Sateens
Seersuckers	Lawns
Chintzes	Cretonnes
Oxford cloths	Momies
Toiles d'Alsace	Cheviots
Printed shirtings	

In almost every name are triumphs. You are no often asked to admire so modest works of art and skill, but see if you can pass these counters without a new estimate of the times in which you live.

JOHN WANAMAKER
Fourth circle, northwest from centre.

DEBEIGES

Everybody knows, are staple goods One looks at novelties and buys staples Staple means something that almost everybody buys

What everybody buys is certain to be a good thing somehow. The way debeiges are good is this the money goes all for use and none for show, or rather none for that kind of show which limits use

Why, last spring we bought in one lot of $30 000 worth of debeiges and have been buying in debeiges ever since And now we have more debeiges than you will look at, all browns and grays; and nearly all new. The prices are all the way from 25 cents for 22 inch to $1.10 for 46-inch A particularly good quality is 60 cents for 44-inch.

JOHN WANAMAKER.
Second circle, south from centre.

BLACK DRESS GOODS.

New things in black dress goods of almost all sorts are ready

Silk grenadines came some time ago, now the wool and silk-and wool grenadines are here, and the variety is greater than we have had before, greater than anybody else had, so far as we know

New armures, plain and figured, are notable, especially the latter Among them are armures, with small figures and plaids, that can be seen only when looked at in certain ways The draping of a dress of these would appear to be partly plain and partly figured or plaid The figures and plaids seem to have no existence at all. You can't find them except by accident.

JOHN WANAMAKER
Next outer circle, Chestnut street entrance

MEDIUM WOOLLEN DRESS GOODS.

There are three notable Woollen dress fabrics at One Dollar

Melange pin checks, of five colors The warp is of a uniform light shade in each, the wool is of alternate clusters of threads, three or four of them being light, the next three or four having twisted with them a thread of darker shade.

Woollen sateens of eight colors, more or less mixed in carding The sateen effect is produced by heavy warped threads thrown almost wholly on the surface, they jump three or four of the fine warp threads, and pass under only one The warp scarcely comes to the surface at all, as you can see by the selvage

Croise cashmere of fifteen plain colors, differs from ordinary cashmere in the twill This is probably no better money's worth than the others', but almost exactly the same has just been offered us at wholesale for a little more money than we are selling it at

JOHN WANAMAKER
Third circle, south of centre

COTTON AND WOOL DRESS GOODS.

Here are three cotton and wool dress cloths of single width, in browns and grays

Balerno cloth, like alpaca, but heavier, at 12½ cents.

Cashmere beige, in appearance somewhat like the $1 melanges, described above, plain 15 cents, twilled 18 cents.

JOHN WANAMAKER.
Third circle, east from centre.

SILKS.

Heavy rich damasse silks of all colors, $2 75; last season's $5 and $6 goods are now selling in preference to the latest novelties, of course on account of richness and price Plain silks of the same colors to combine with them.

The following are just received from our buyer resident in Paris

Pongees, richly embroidered by hand, with sprays of flowers and with birds. The prices of these ready to-day are $28 to $36 per piece of 4½ yards More are coming.

New designs in French foulards $2.

Bayadere ombre stripes Here's one, for example garnet ombre into gold alternating with gold ombre into bronze, stripes half an inch wide and no interval between.

Chequered damasses Gorgeous with color, variety of designs, the only feature common to them all being the arrangement in squares, not unlike a chequer board. $2 to $4 75

JOHN WANAMAKER.
Next outer circle, Chestnut street entrance.

CLOAKS AND DRESSES.

We have just opened foreign black wraps, dolmans, capes, &c., at $9 to $75, light colored coats, wraps and ulsters, some foreign and of our own make, at $4 to $12.

Silk dresses in styles not to be found elsewhere, at $15, $17 and $18, and cloth dresses at $10 to $36.

Also misses' and children's coats, ulsters and dresses in great variety A few misses' coats of last spring will be sold at half-price, viz $3 and $4, and misses' debeige dresses of last spring at less than half prices, viz $3 and $4.

JOHN WANAMAKER.
Southeast corner of building

SATEENS, &c.

Toile d'Alsace is a similar fabric to Scotch gingham, but of softer finish and printed, 30 cents. Sateen is even finer, and the warp is thrown upon the surface so successfully as to leave it as smooth as satin, which indeed it much resembles. This is also printed in exquisite designs, and the printing is the more successful because the surface is so smooth

The boquet squares (nobody else has them yet, so far as we know) appear to have been a Parisian afterthought. They are of sateen and are used as garniture of sateen dresses. Nothing in cotton printing, probably, was ever anything like so rich before

JOHN WANAMAKER
Fourth circle, Thirteenth street entrance.

UNDERWEAR.

Fine muslin cambric underwear, richly decorated with lace and embroidery, carefully, finely and skillfully made. This we have in greater variety than you will find elsewhere, but there is no difficulty in getting this grade of work

Underwear of a plainer sort is difficult to get carefully and skillfully made, but we have a really great collection of it For more than a year past we have been raising the standard of manufacture and cultivating simpler styles We have work the like of which is in no other house, here or in New York The ideal of it is the best of home-made underwear at such prices as will cause it to be preferred to home-made and stop home making as fast as the work becomes known.

JOHN WANAMAKER.
Southwest corner of building

LACES.

Not every day are our lace counters filled with buyers They would be, if every lady knew two facts viz: first, that we have newest and choicest of laces of every grade, second, that we sell them below the market.

The difficulty is that every merchant says the same two things, and you don't think it very saucy to doubt it just a little, because advertising does paint things too rosy sometimes

We much desire you to find out how careful we are to say just what we mean, neither more or less. For example, see to-day a torchon at 10 cents, which sells everywhere else for 20 cents about. How do we know? Why we sold it ourselves for 15 cents last week. Not one in a hundred of our regular customers knows how we crowd prices down. How can we expect others to believe that our policy is low prices, when almost every merchant studies how to keep them up?

As to assortment what do you suppose we do with nine lace counters? Why, there is no such stock in Philadelphia We have thousands of dollars worth of fine laces shut up in boxes. We have very poor facilities for exhibiting them, but we shall surprise you if you ask to see them.

JOHN WANAMAKER.
Nine counters, southwest of centre.

HANDKERCHIEFS.

New fancy white handkerchiefs, many New in itials, new letters, a different letter for each price New colored borders Linen centres with colored silk borders (nowhere else, probably) require to be washed with care, but with care they wash perfectly, colors fast Woven color borders, plaids and stripes of course Not a mixed cotton and linen handkerchief in the store

JOHN WANAMAKER.
Third circle southwest from centre

LINENS.

We have visited every linen manufactory of note in Europe, and gathered a stock which for variety of finish is beyond all precedent, comprising

Sheeting linen.
Pillow-case linen
Diaper linen
Star linen.
Ladies' underwear linen
Gentlemen's underwear linen.
Butcher's linen
Towels
Toweling.
Table cloths
Table linen
Napkins.
Doilies

We have linens entirely unknown in the American markets, also every favorite here

No other house in Philadelphia buys abroad. Hence no other house can have either our goods or our prices This we say without knowing what other houses have either in goods or prices

JOHN WANAMAKER.
City hall square entrance

FLANNELS.

French wrapper flannels As you stand before the counters you may see a row of them displayed along the top of the shelves, a large collection of itself, but only a part.

Look at the shelves too. No two pieces alike of all you see. There's no such variety of flannels anywhere

JOHN WANAMAKER.
Next outer circle, northeast from centre

MUSLINS.

Who wants to read about muslins? And yet you had better know how, by a little crookedness in dealing, they are made to bring an extra price, even in houses that ought to be above crookedness of any sort.

Take an example Wamsutta is branded, part of it Wamsutta, and part of it with the merchant's name. That branded Wamsutta is sold at the current market price, and the other is sold for an extra price, and the salesmen are instructed to sell a little as they can of the genuine, and as much as they can of the other

The practice, we are sorry to say, prevails in some large houses here in Philadelphia If you find that a merchant considers such dealing fair, perhaps you will look out for him in other goods as well as muslins

We have everything in muslins that is wanted here, everything is branded with the name of the mill that made it, and everything is sold at the bottom of the market

JOHN WANAMAKER
Outer circle, northeast from centre

DOMESTIC CALICOES.

Chintz of indigo-blue ground with white polka dots of various sizes, and other little figures not unlike the dots of American make, at 10 cents, is a great favorite.

Calicoes in general are 8 cents, but some patterns are 5½, simply because they are not liked so well

JOHN WANAMAKER.
Fourth circle northeast from centre

HOSIERY.

These items in hosiery are everywhere, but our prices are lower, probably, every one of them

LADIES'

English, plain colors, 8 20.
German, fancy, 31c, 37c.
English, fancy, 50c
English, lisle, black, 65c
English, lisle, black embroidered, 75c.
English spun-silk, black, $1.50.

MISSES'

French, heavy-rib, gray 40c.
German, ribbed, lisle, black, 64c.

MEN'S.

English, extra-stout, 17c
English, fancy, 25c.
German, lisle, black, 50c.
German, lisle, black, embroidered, 65c.
German, silk, plain color, 75c.
German, silk, plain colors, embroidered, 85c

If you find elsewhere a stocking called by the same name as any one of those, and at a price no higher than ours, look at the quality.

JOHN WANAMAKER,
Outer circle, Chestnut street entrance.

CARPETS.

We ask you to see our wilton, axminster, moquette, brussels and tapestry carpets. Our carpet-trade is new, our stock is large and nearly all new (what is not new is cheap enough), and many of the patterns are thought to be fine indeed

Large buyers, for hotels, churches, &c, will find here, perhaps, surprising advantages

JOHN WANAMAKER
Market street front up stairs

FURNITURE.

A clue to the character of our furniture without seeing it Take for example a bedroom suite of three pieces

Lowest prices
Ash wood tops $26
Another style, walnut or ash, marble tops $33
such as are in every furniture store, common wood and common work We keep also a small assortment of "cottage," or painted sets,
Lowest prices in first class work,
Walnut wood tops $47
Same style in mahogany $56
of plain style, but proper for some rooms in any house, no matter how rich
Lowest prices in elegant work
Maple or Walnut, Tennessee marble tops $85
Lowest prices in luxurious work
Walnut, Tennessee marble tops $125
Same style in mahogany $135
A very chaste and noble style perfection of work
Maple, wood tops $165
Same in mahogany $175

We have very large assortments both below $100, and between $100 and $200 At higher prices there is no higher quality, only more costly decoration.

JOHN WANAMAKER.
The western gallery

PARASOLS.

Twenty five silk parasol-covers, embroidered in China with silver and gold in quaint and rather characteristic, but not extreme, Chinese designs with wide borders and variegated silk linings, have been imported and put on neat frames, with variety of sticks

Fifteen of the twenty-five have come to us They are in our collection of novelties at $12 We have about three hundred different styles of parasols There is such a diversity of styles as to baffle description

For a mere accessory of a scrupulous lady's toilet perhaps no article is chosen with so much care We shall not tire of showing you ladies every one, and if we may judge by the interest shown yesterday, you'll not tire either

The opening continues to day.

JOHN WANAMAKER.
Chestnut street entrance.

SILVER.

A fine collection of minor articles in silver flat ware, ice cream service, children's sets, napkin rings, &c, &c

Silver Plate.—A comprehensive stock everything that you will ask for In flat ware we have three grades of plate, the lowest grade we do not keep. In hollow ware we have the best grades on

JOHN WANAMAKER
Outer circle, northwest from the centre

ZEPHYRS.

Zephyrs, embroidery materials, beguin embroideries, fancy boxes and innumerable articles which these suggest, the best of everything provided with rare knowledge and care

JOHN WANAMAKER
The centre of all the circles.

CLOCKS.

Wouldn't you like a clock? $1 to $150.

JOHN WANAMAKER.
City hall square entrance

HATS FOR SPRING.

Men's fur-felt stiff derby hats, five spring styles ready, $1 75 $2 00, $2 50, $3 00, $3.50. Our $1 75 style is a new grade not made before this season, just under our $2 of last year, the others are of the grade as we have sold heretofore All these styles are to be found elsewhere for 50 cents to $1 more. Imitations of them abound also. You scarcely need the caution to buy where you have confidence that you will get genuine goods.

Children's and boys' hats. A few styles are ready, from 50 cents to $1 50.

Men's silk hats for spring are of lower crown, narrower brim, and of less decided bell shape. A low crown is always popular, unless spoiled by the shape. A few are ready, $4 00, $4 50, $5.00.

JOHN WANAMAKER.
Northeast corner of the store.

Those who have dealt with us by letter know already what care we take, first to understand their wants, and second, to supply them. Those who have not dealt with us heretofore are cordially invited to do so now; and to rely on our well-known guarantee of ultimate satisfaction in every respect.

JOHN WANAMAKER,
PHILADELPHIA.

Chestnut, Thirteenth and Market Streets,
and City Hall Square.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

Bucks County Gazette.

Thursday, April 21, 1881.

☞Entered at the Bristol Post Office as Second class matter.

BRISTOL POST OFFICE.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK—Arrives 7 00 and 11 15 A. M., and 7 30 P. M. Closes 8 00 and 11 15 A. M., 4 00 and 7 00 P. M.
PHILADELPHIA—Arrives 7.00 and 8 45 A. M., and 5 00 and 8 00 P. M. Closes 5:45 and 10 15 A. M., 2 30 and 6 3 P. M.
DOYLESTOWN, NEWTOWN, &c.—Arrives 11:30 A. M. Closes 12 00 M.
OXFORD VALLEY, FALLSINGTON AND EMILIE—Arrives 10 00 A. M. Closes 11 30 A. M.
BELVIDERE, TULLYTOWN, PENN VALLEY AND MORRISVILLE—Arrives 4.00 P. M. Closes 8 00 A. M.
TRENTON—Arrives 10 00 A. M. and 4 00 and 7 30 P. M. Closes 8 00 A. M., and 7 00 and 4 00 P. M.
WESTERN—Arrives 10:00 A. M.
Mails for the West and South go by every Phila. delphia mail.
Last direct mail for New York City closes at 7 00.
W. B. BAKER, P. M.

—Council meets to-night.

The canal basin has a large number of gold fish in it.

Fresh shad are in the market, and are of fine flavor.

—The Twilight commenced her Sunday trips last Sunday.

—Decoration Day will soon be along whether Spring arrives or not.

—The Columbia commenced making her double trips last Thursday.

—Pilgrimages are now made to Florence in search of trailing arbutus.

—Charles M. Foster will be the clerk on George Tyler's new boat, the "Maid of Kent."

—Rev. Dr. Knox, of Bristol, will deliver the baccalaureate address at Lafayette College, Easton.

—Dr Ward has added a substantial improvement to his property corner of Cedar and Mulbery streets.

—William Frost and Sarah Hobbs, of Bristol, were yesterday morning taken to the almshouse at Doylestown.

—An addition is already being built to the Star Woollen Mills. Like most of the factories in Bristol it is bound to grow

—Will Hall is temporarily the freight agent for the Columbia, Twilight and Forest. There are numerous applicants for the position.

—A concert will be held on May 5th, at Cabeen's Hall, for the benefit of the A. M. E Church. Asher Conn's orchestra will take part in the exercises.

—A splendid well of water has been obtained at the Star Woolen Mills. When the depth of 26 feet was reached the water flowed into the well with great rapidity, and there is apparently a sufficent supply to satisfy any demand that can be made upon it.

—At a meeting of the congregation of St. James' Protestant Episcopal Church, on Easter Monday, the following vestrymen were elected Henry L. Gaw, Burnet Landreth, Thomas Hughes, G. M. Dorrance, R. C. Beatty, R. H Morris, John Ward, M. D., Henry G. Boor, Charles E. Scott.

—The choir of St. James' Chapel visited Fallsington on Sunday morning, and conducted the Easter musical services there greatly to the pleasure of our rural neighbors who never before had the happiness of listening to our young choristers who have already earned a fair reputation for excellent singing.

—To-morrow evening a vocal and instrumental concert will be given in St James' Chapel by a Philadelphia choir and Misses Jessie E. Wells and Eva J. Swain. The program is an excellent one, and it is fair to presume that the attendance will be large. The proceeds of the entertainment will be devoted to the fund of the Ladies' Church Aid Society.

—Rev. Dr. Cunningham's friends in our community were startled last week by the news of his serious illness. On Wednesday of last week he was stricken with apoplexy, and remained almost entirely unconscious until Friday. He is now somewhat better, and some hopes are entertained of his recovery. His former congregation are very solicitous about his condition, and words of sympathy for him and his family are heard upon every side.

—The commission appointed by Judge Watson, consisting of A Weir Gilkeson, Esq., Dr. H. Pursell and Elwood Doron, to enquire into the sanity of Samuel K. Stackhouse, held an inquisition *de lunatico inquirendo* on Thursday last, and, after hearing the evidence offered, adjudged him insane and certified that it was a case serious enough to warrant confinement. The Judge made a decree confirming the report and a warrant was issued for his confinement. He was taken on Monday last to the Norristown Insane Asylum.

—Four small frame houses on Pond street adjoining the church of the colored people caught fire on Sunday from sparks from a passing train. The alarm was sounded and the fire companies were soon on hand and after they got into operation the flames were speedily under control. The houses were very badly damaged, the roofs being entirely destroyed, while the plastering was greatly injured by the water. The goods in the houses were also considerably damaged. Three of the houses were owned by Joseph S. Peirce, and the other by Henry Hill, who lived in it. The three were insured in the Bucks County Contributorship for about $700, and Hill's was insured for $350 in the Byberry Company.

—Easter services at the different churches on Sunday were largely attended. The Episcopalian Church was tastefully adorned with flowers, but not lavishly. The floral cross was very beautiful. The music was of more than ordinary excellence, and the services were of great interest. At the Chapel in the afternoon Easter carols were sung, and an address delivered by the pastor. Each child was then presented with a handsome Easter card. At St. Mark's Church the ceremonies were more imposing and the decorations were more profuse. The attendance in the evening was very large. At the Presbyterian and Methodist Churches there were no outward signs of the Easter festival, but the day furnished a theme for the discourses.

The Free Drawing School.

The Free Drawing School for boys closed last Friday evening. From its opening in January until the present time it had a good attendance the pupils were industrious and orderly, all seemed interested and anxious to learn, while some showed a decided talent. The number of pupils varied each evening, fifty being the largest number present at any one time. All who at first assisted soon withdrew, with the exception of Miss Sue Iredell and Miss Edith L. Peirce, after that the pupils were too numerous for two teachers to do them justice, it was therefore felt necessary to decrease the number—fourteen were refused admittance on one night, and no new pupils were admitted after that It was a disappointment that this course was necessary, for the school was opened with the desire to have all attend who showed any inclination whatever to come. No *pictures* were drawn, as the object was not to amuse, but to instruct. The younger scholars copied from the blackboard, and each one, as he became able to understand the principles, was given an object to draw. The success of some in this line was great, a class of nineteen going steadily forward, each object drawn being more difficult than the preceding one. This more advanced class came with much regularity from the first, several did not miss a night. The knowledge gained cannot fail to prove a benefit in any business in which the boys may engage A free use of the pencil to express ideas is acknowledged by machinists to be of such value that a school is opened in Philadelphia, where such instruction is given to men in mechanical business. The leading machinists there have contributed $100 a apiece, and one gentleman has given $1,000. The expenses of our school were defrayed by different ladies and gentlemen of Bristol, who thus both showed interest and gave encouragement. E. L. P.

—A very miscellaneous collection of packages adorned one of the tables at the Wood street school house on Tuesday evening. They were the tickets of admission by which the large audience present had gained admittance to enjoy the literary and musical entertainment of the evening, and assist in the auction of the articles, which came off after the first part of the program was ended. The musical exercises consisted of selections upon the organ and cornet by Miss Lizzie Parry and John Willingmeyer, and a vocal solo by Miss Maggie Bache, and the literary exercises were readings by Prof. Krichbaum and Miss Bache. "Biddy McGinnis at the Photographer's," produced much amusement. The auction was quite lively, and the bidding was brisk. Boxes of herring and codfish brought high prices and seemed greatly in demand and a pair of hoop skirts was sold above the market rates, but the young man who was the purchaser has not yet decided whether to wear them or make a dipper of them to catch herring. The proceedings were exceedingly amusing, and it was interesting to witness the countenances of the purchasers as they unwrapped their packages and found themselves sold. The proceeds, which amounted to about $30, are for the benefit of the Methodist parsonage.

—At the meeting of the Presbytery of Philadelphia North, held on Tuesday and Wednesday evening, at Providence Church, Montgomery county, the following commissioners to the General Assembly, to be held at Buffalo, N. Y., on May 19th, were elected Rev. D. K. Turner, Hartsville, Rev. Charles E. Burns, Manayunk, Rev. W. A. Patton, Doylestown, Mr. Kinkerter, Frankford Mr. McDermott, Norristown, and Mr. Alexander Ralph, Bristol. The Presbytery has added to its list of churches Hermon Church of Frankford, and made arrangements for the intallation of the new pastor, Rev. Mr. Boggs, formerly of the R P. Church of Brooklyn, N. Y. A church has also been organized at Mount Airy, and a committee appointed to organize a church at Jenkintown. It was also decided to put up a temporary building at Torresdale, and the money was raised on the spot to pay for the same.

—We have the pleasure of announcing an entertainment of unusual merit to take place on Friday evening, 29th inst., at Washington Hall, for the benefit of the Bristol Library. The entertainment will be given by the scholars of Miss Merriam's school, assisted by Miss Lilian Wells and others. The program arranged for the occasion is an excellent one, and one of the attractive features will be the rendition of the charming operetta of "The Red Riding Hood." There will also be given the Fan Drill, which will be a novelty in this community.

—The following list of letters remained in the Bristol Post Office, Wednesday, April 20th, Wm. Bickle, John Bogart, John Carothers, Chas. Fudge, Francis Fry, M. Ingles, Wm. Johuson, Mary J. Kesner, Mrs. Maggie Morris, Samuel McCafferty, Mary McClefferty, Mrs. Laura Parsons, David C. Praul, Levi J. Shull, John R. South, W. Smith, Wm. Worthington, Wm. Wright and Mrs. Mary Young.

—Two tramps, a man and a woman, who circulated considerably around town on Monday, after bunking at the Keystone forge on Sunday night were the cause of considerable commotion when it became known that the man was suffering from small-pox. The attention of the borough authorities was immediately called to the matter and the two contagion-spreaders were hurried off to the hospital at Doylestown.

—Constable Saxton offered the lease such wharves as were not leased for a term of years at public sale last Saturday. Rogers Brothers took the Wood street wharf, Dr. H. Pursell the Cedar street wharf and G. M. Dorrance the Mulberry street wharf, each one being bid in at $5.00. There was no bid received for the Franklin street wharf.

—Nothing will disperse a Sunday School quicker than an alarm of fire, except an invasion of hornets, as was shown by experience last Sunday when the fire bell rang.

—Yesterday's Philadelphia *Evening News* relates the capture of Joel Vanartsdalen, as follows "That clever fellow but alleged rascal Vanartsdalen, in spite of his sinuous movements, has been caught at last on legal hooks and is now on his way to this city. His connection with the famous Whitaker will case is well known in this city. He escaped to Canada, where he has been playing the pious dodge, and was thereby caught at last. His arrest was made by Detective E. D. Kartz, of the Pinkerton Agency, assisted by a local officer. Vanartsdalen arrived in Montreal in January last, taking rooms at the Waverley House, and obtaining funds "until he received his remittance" from members of the Y. M. C. A. there, He was registered as S. R. Stoddart. It is said that shortly after he advertised for correspondence with ladies of means, with the suggestion of matrimony as the ulterior object to be attained. Specimens of this correspondence have been published, of which the following are a portion

"My Dear Sir —Your kind letter was duly received and have no objection to becoming acquainted with you, as you appear by your letter to be a gentleman. Regarding the marriage part you can rest assured on that, as I regret to say that I am single. If you desire to come you will be welcome. I shall wait for you on Monday evening next between 6 and 9 P. M., at No. — Craig street. You ask for Miss ———

"Yours truly, ———"

"MARCH 4, 1881.—Dear Sir —The lady to whom Mr. Stoddard addressed a letter March 1, begs to acknowledge its receipt. As Mr. J. is a stranger in the city and the tone of his letter is respectful, she thus replies to him, but declines entering into further particulars or correspondence with any one who is unknown to her."

FEBRUARY 22.—Dear Samuel —I received your kind note this morning. It will give me great pleasure to meet you at our gate next Sunday night, at 7 o'clock sharp. I hope you are quite well. Send love to you. No more from your loving Miss H———.

"P. S.—Excuse my short note, as we are not long acquainted. I will have more to say when we meet."

Vanartsdalen will arrive in Philadelphia to-morrow.

—Joel Vanartsdalen, who jumped his bail in the Whitaker will case, has been captured by one of Pinkerton's detectives in Montreal. The rumor that Joel had his long black hair reduced to the usual length, and then dyed red, is supposed to be without foundation.

—The Philadelphia *Press*, in view of his having voted against the Delinquent Tax Repeal Bill, calls Mr. J. Miles Jamison, Democrat, of Bucks county, to account, and assures him the eyes of the honest yeomanry of his county are upon him.

—At Chicago, on Wednesday, Dr. Paton, chemist to the Board of Health, made an examination of 400 hogs taken at random in the packing-houses. The examination was very thorough, and not a single case of trichinæ was discovered.

[Freeport, (Ill) Bulletin.]

There is now a substance which is both professionally and popularly indorsed and concerning which, Mr. J. B. Ferchweiller, Butteville, Oregon, writes · I have often read of the many cures effected by St. Jacob's Oil and was persuaded to try the remedy myself. I was a sufferer from rheumatism and experienced great pains, my leg being so swollen that I could not move it. I procured St. Jacob's Oil, used it freely and was cured.

☞For rent, very low, to a careful, tenant, house with 10 rooms, large garden, stable, &c. Apply to J. S. Wood.

☞Cheaper than White-wash! Brown Paint, $1.00 per gallon, at Peters' Drug Store.

☞H G. Peters, Druggist, 63 Mill St., has just just received a large supply of Linseed Oil, Turpentine, Lucas' Paints, etc.

☞A special from Dallas, Tex., dated April 11th, says · "George Clark, a professional musician, committed suicide today, by shooting himself in the mouth. He died instantly. Clark was afflicted with nasal catarrh, with no hope of recovery from it." Had Clark used Dr. Evory's Diamond Catarrh Remedy, prepared by Dr. Evory's Diamond Remedies Co., 104 John Street, New York, he might, like thousands of others who have been cured by its use, be alive and a happy man today.

How It Was Done.

"How do you manage," said a lady to her friend, "to appear so happy and good natured all the time?" "I always have Parker's Ginger Tonic handy," was the reply, "and thus easily keep myself and family in good health. When I am well I always feel good-natured." Read about it in another column.

☞ E. W. BRANT, Druggist, Elizabeth, N. J.· I could scarcely speak above a whisper, and it was almost impossible to breath through my nostrils. Using Ely's Cream Balm a short time I was entirely relieved. My head has not been so clear, nor my voice so strong in years. I have warded off several colds since. I recommend this admirable remedy to all who are afflicted with catarrh or colds in the head. J. O. Tichenor, Dealer in Boots and Shoes, June 15, 1879.—See advertisement.

☞ We are strongly disposed to regard that person as the best physician who does most to alleviate human suffering. Judged from this standard, Mrs. Lydia E. Pinkham, 233 Western Avenue, Lynn, Mass., is entitled to the front rank, for her Vegetable Compound is daily working wonderful cures in female diseases Bend for circular to the above address.

DIED.

DIED.—This Thursday, April 21st, at noon, Grace R., widow of Thomas Scott. Due notice of the funeral will be given in Philadelphia *Ledger*.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NURSE.

PERSONS desiring an experienced nurse should apply to MRS REBECCA SMITH, at JACOB YOUNG's, Swain Street, Bristol.

Removal !!

Frank N. Booz's
Oil and Lamp Store

Has been removed from next door to Ablen's confectionary to

No. 38 Mill Street,

Recently occupied as a grocery store by J. V. Richardson, and will be pleased to receive the custom of all in want of Burning Oils, Lamps and Chimneys, Lamp Fixtures, Plain and Fancy Shades, &c.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

BOY WANTED.

LEFT HIS HOME, APRIL 12TH, STOUT BOY, dressed in dark suit, aged eleven years, named Thomas Riley, indentured to Mrs. Wm. Whaley. All persons are forbid harboring said boy after this date. Anyone knowing the whereabouts of said boy will leave information at Mrs Wm. Whaley's, Cornwells, Bucks Co.; John Dallas Whaley, 510 Minor street, Phila., or Blockley Almshouse, West Phila.

Spring Questions!

How many will suffer from Malaria during the Spring and Summer ! A difficult question to answer. Doubtless the number will be large, as an unhealthy season is sure to follow the severe weather of the past winter But it is certain that no one will suffer from Malaria or any disorder of the liver or stomach who takes the **MEXICAN BLOOD & LIVER PURIFIER** which also cures Dyspepsia and destroys worms. For sale by all druggists 50c. and $1.00 a bottle. Circular of remarkable cures free. E. H. MITCHELL, Proprietor 727 East Norris Street, Philadelphia

Fashionable Millinery !

I WILL OPEN AT

No. 70 Mill Street,

On THURSDAY, APRIL 28, 1881, a complete assortment of Millinery Goods, including Trimmed Bonnets, Hats, Flowers and everything in the milliline. The presence of my friends and former customers is respectfully solicited at the opening.
MARTHA A HALL

THE CONTINENTAL RESTAURANT AND CAFÉ
No. 826 CHESTNUT ST:
PHILADELPHIA,
UNDER THE CONTINENTAL HOTEL,
FOR LADIES AND GENTLEMEN.
Very convenient for visitors to the city
Elegant Appointments, Polite Service, Moderate Prices.

VOCAL & INSTRUMENTAL
CONCERT !!

—BY THE—

Choir of St. Matthews' Church,

Phila., Prof Gardner, Leader, assisted by

PROF. PHELPS, Violinist

—AND—

MISSES WELLS AND SWAIN,

OF BRISTOL, AT

St. JAMES' CHAPEL,

—ON

FRIDAY EVE., APRIL 22,

Under the auspices of the

LADIES' CHURCH AID SOCIETY

Of St James' Parish.

Doors open at 7 15 Concert begins at 7 45
ADMISSION, - - - - 35 CENTS,
Three Tickets for One Dollar
CHILDREN, - - - - 25 CENTS.
Tickets can be obtained of Cabeen & Beatty, L A Hoguet, and of members of the Society.

DR. THOMAS,
COLTON DENTAL ASSOCIATION
NITROUS OXIDE GAS.

DR. THOMAS makes a specialty of extracting teeth absolutely without pain by the aid of Nitrous Oxide. Over 80,500 persons have successfully inhaled the gas at his office
912 Walnut Street, (South Side), Philadelphia

Notice of Application for a Charter.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that an application will be made, under the Act of Assembly entitled "An Act to Provide for the Incorporation and Regulation of certain Corporations," approved April 29, 1874, and the supplements thereto, for the charter of an intended corporation to be called "The Tullytown Dairymen's Association," the character and object of which is the manufacture of butter, cheese, and other dairy projects, and for this purpose to have, possess and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges of the said Act of Assembly and the supplements thereto.
B. F. GILKESON, Solicitor.
April, 14, 1881.

HOME & DAY SCHOOL FOR GIRLS,
BRISTOL, PA.

Will re-open September 8th, 1880. Instruction in French and German by

MLLE. PARIGOT.

For circulars address, MISS A MERRIAM, Principal.

ROGERS' GARDEN SEEDS

Are always Fresh, Genuine and Reliable.
Seed Peas and Beans Northern grown, superior in quality, productiveness and flavor.
Lucious Sugar Corn from Connecticut Valley.
Premium Mammoth Corn, for field planting
Seed Potatoes from Vermont, best varieties.
Recleaned Clover, Timothy and other Grass Seeds
Finest Mixed Lawn Grass, for Lawns, Grass Plats, &c
White, Alsike and Lucerne Clovers.
Genuine No. 1 Peruvian Guano
Paist's Mammoth Asparagus Roots, Rhubarb Roots
Choice Flower Seeds, Summer Flowering Bulbs
All unsurpassed in quality, lowest in price Catalogues free
ROGERS' SEED STORE,
133 Market street, below Second, Phila

Our Questions.

Are you a buyer of Men's or Boys' Clothing at retail? Do you need clothing for the farm, the office, the work shop, the court-room, or the pulpit? Do you want boys' clothing for the school-room, or for dress? Do you prefer to buy clothing ready-made or to order? Are you in need of shirts?

If yes, to any or all of these queries, state your needs to us, that we may send you samples and prices.

Your Question

is, Will this pay for the trouble? You must judge. We will make up the case,—you must decide it. But we must tell you that we have created the Largest Retail Clothing Business in the United States by the simple method of giving the best clothing for the least money. We mean that it shall pay you to buy of us. If you buy and are not pleased, return the goods for exchange, or demand your money.

Wanamaker and Brown,

S. E. Cor. Sixth & Market Sts.

PHILADELPHIA.

MISCELLANEOUS.

BRISTOL MILLS.

FLOUR, FEED, LUMBER, COAL.

ROGERS BROTHERS,

SUCCESSORS TO J. & A. DORRANCE,

Flour

Fresh ground from the best of Wheat and promptly delivered to customers.

Feed

of all kinds constantly on hand and ground to order.

Lumber.

Seasoned White Pine Boards and Plank of all grades. Hemlock Boards, Joist and Scantling, Lath Pickets, Oak Posts, &c.
☞Sawed Hemlock Fencing of the best quality. Bills for large, long or odd sized timber cut at our

Saw Mill

at the shortest notice from selected logs and at the lowest prices.

Planing Mill.

Yellow and White Pine Flooring, Siding &c. of the different grades, constantly on hand and made to order, which our facilities enable us to sell at very reasonable prices.

Shingles

In all the varieties as to size, quality and prices so that our customers cannot fail to be suited.

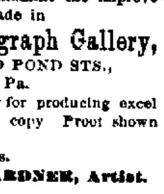
Coal

Of the different sizes kept dry under our sheds, well screened and free from slate and dust.

Wood

Ready sawed for Summer use and very cheap. Cedar Rails lower than usual. GRAIN BOUGHT at the Bristol Mills, and the highest market price paid.
ROGERS BROTHERS.

SPECIAL
INVITATION.



The Ladies of Bristol
AND VICINITY
Are invited to call and examine the improvements made in
Lardner's Photograph Gallery,
COR MILL AND POND STS.,
Bristol, Pa.
We have every facility for producing excellent portraits from life or copy Proof shown Satisfaction guaranteed.
N. B —Bring the Babies.
J. F. LARDNER, Artist.

INSURANCE.

We can give you insurance in good reliable home mutual companies at a comparatively low cost The HOME COMPANIES should be supported **Take your choice** We are agents for

MUTUAL COMPANIES.

COMMERCIAL of Bristol,
FARMERS' MUTUAL, Hulmeville,
ALLEN MUTUAL, Allentown.

STOCK COMPANIES.

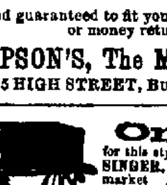
NORTH AMERICA,............Philadelphia.
PENNSYLVANIA ....Philadelphia.
ROYAL..........................Liverpool.
Besides many others.
Household goods and Farmers' crops insured at special rates—on either all cash or mutualplan.

E. G. HARRISON & SON,
44 MILL STREET, BRISTOL,

—=YOU CAN GET=
CLOTHING MADE TO ORDER

And guaranteed to fit you in every particular or money returned, at

SIMPSON'S, The Merchant Tailor,
75 HIGH STREET, BURLINGTON, N. J.



Only $20
for this style of PHILADELPHIA SINGER, Equal to any Singer in the market *Remember, we send it to be examined before you pay for it.* This is the same style other companies retail for $60. All Machines warranted for three years Send for our Illustrated circular and Testimonials Address
CHARLES A. WOOD & CO.,
17 N. Tenth St., Philadelphia

[illegible] Powder.

[illegible] Housekeepers:
[illegible] manufacturers of
[illegible] " Baking Powder
[illegible] [illegible] if you
[illegible] a trial. They
[illegible] absolutely pure,
and full weight. If you conclude to give it a trial, *you will [illegible] it equal to the best, and [illegible] superior to most of the baking powders on the market.*
The price is much lower than that of any other good powder. *For sale by all grocers.*
PURITY CHEMICAL WORKS,
304 Branch St., Phila

DIAMOND CATARRH REMEDY,

A Positive Cure for Catarrh of all kinds. It is Instantaneous in Effect and Permanent in Result Cures at any stage of the disease Has cured cases so terrible that bones came from the nose.

Dr. Evory's Diamond Catarrh Remedy is mild and pleasant, affording **Immediate Relief** and prompt cure in all cases of **Catarrh, Influenza, Hay Fever, Bronchitis.**
It will remove Polypus and effectually cure Watery and Purulent Discharges from the Head and Throat, and Foetid, Sickening Breath; perfectly restore impaired Smell, Taste and Hearing; relieve Headache Break up Colds in the Head; Strengthen the Voice and Eyes; Purify, Regulate and Render Clear and Active every Organ of the Head and Throat. Price, 50 cents

Dr. Evory's Diamond Invigorator is **a Perfect Blood Purifier, Appetiser** and **Nerve Tonic.** It makes a delightful, wholesome drink, which **Invigorates Purifies** and **Strengthens** the entire system.
For General Debility, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Torpid Liver, Indigestion, Neuralgic and Rheumatic Affections, Jaundice, Malaria, Flatulency, Nausea, Sick Headache and Kidney Complaints, it is invaluable. Price, 50 cents.

Dr. Evory's Diamond Salve is a sovereign cure for Burns, Bruises, Sores of all kinds, Salt Rheum, Tetter, Ringworm and Cutaneous Eruptions. Price, 25 cents.

Ask your Druggist for these remedies and take no other; or will be sent Free on receipt of price.
Descriptive Pamphlets Free.
Address Dr. Evory's Diamond Remedies Co,
P. O. Box 3360. 104 John Street, New York.

PHILADELPHIA.

Strawbridge & Clothier

HAVE BY ACTUAL COUNT

ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTEEN STYLES

—OF NEW—

SPRING DRESS GOODS,

RANGING IN PRICES FROM

12 1-2 TO 50 CENTS PER YARD

Each and every style of the one hundred and fifteen, represents from THREE TO TEN DIFFERENT COLORINGS OR COMBINATIONS, making in the aggregate a stock not only the largest we have ever shown, but believed to be absolutely without competition.

WE SHOW

SEVEN STYLES
At 12½ Cents.
All Half-Wool Stuffs. Most of them cost more to manufacture than our marked price, and represent some great Bargains.
They consist of BEIGES, ARMURES, PLAIDS, SILK-MIXED NOVELTIES AND CASHMERES.

FOURTEEN STYLES
At 31 Cents.
Consisting mostly of Goods that in any other house would have been marked at 37½ cents at the very lowest, and comprise CASHMERE BEIGES, BEIGE FOULES, CASHMERE MELANGES, CHEVRONS, BEIGES, AND SILK MIXED PLAIDS.

TEN STYLES
At 15 Cents.
All Half Wool Fabrics; many would be good value at 20 and 25 cents.
These also are TWILLED BEIGES, NOVELTIES, PLAIDS, STRIPES, ARMURES, ETC.

FOURTEEN STYLES
At 37½ Cents.
Considered by many to include some of the Best Bargains at the counter. Among them will be found SILK-MIXED STRIPES AND PLAIDS. ALL-WOOL FRENCH CASHMERES. DOUBLE-WIDTH ALL-WOOL LACE BUNTINGS AND SHEPHERD'S PLAIDS.

FIVE STYLES
At 18 Cents.
Fully as cheap as the other lots and consists of MOHAIRS, MELANGES, CREPES, PEBBLE CLOTHS STRIPES ETC.

EIGHT STYLES
At 40 Cents.
Among this lot will be found many of the fabrics selling throughout the city at 50 cents, comprising NOVELTIES AT HALF VALUE, SILK-MIXED ENGLISH STRIPES, 6-4 WOOL BEIGES 30-INCH ALL-WOOL NUN'S VEILING.

TEN STYLES
At 20 Cents.
All splendid value; many new styles not shown before this season. They embrace ALL-WOOL STRIPES, WOOL DRESS CLOTHS, ALL-WOOL BUNTINGS, PLAIDS, ETC.

THREE STYLES
At 45 Cents.
Few in number, but Remarkable Bargains, viz: 6-4 GERSTER CLOTHS and NOVELTIES WORTH 75c, AND CASHMERES WORTH 62½c.

THIRTY STYLES
At 25 Cents.
Probably the largest assortment of twenty-five cent Dress Goods ever shown. There are many enticing bargains among them, in SERGE MELANGES, WOOL CHECKS, FANCY CHECKS, CLOTH SUITINGS, ALL-WOOL STRIPES, LACE and PLAIN BUNTINGS, FANCY ENGLISH PLAIDS, AND STRIPES

FOURTEEN STYLES
At 50 Cents.
Some of the Best Bargains we ever offered in 6-4 BEIGES, 36 INCH CASHMERES, 6-4 BUNTINGS, 6-4 SUITINGS, LACE BUNTINGS, SILK-FINISHED PLAIDS AND NOVELTIES WORTH One Dollar.

Please remember that this immense assortment includes only goods at and under 50 cents per yard, and does not refer to our stock of finer fabrics, in which the assortment is even greater. Those who are unable to visit us in person, are reminded of the MAIL ORDER DEPARTMENT through which their supplies can be secured almost as satisfactorily as at the counters. Every lady should send for a specimen copy of the *Journal for the Household.*

STRAWBRIDGE & CLOTHIET,

MARKET ST. to FILBERT, - - N. W. Cor. of EIGHTH ST.,

PHILADELPHIA.

IVINS & BROTHER,

MANUFACTURERS & DEALERS.

RELIABLE GOODS at REASONABLE PRICES.

FURNITURE AND BEDDING,

66 N. SECOND STREET, Near Arch,
PHILADELPHIA.

PHILIP DOERR & SONS,

MANUFACTURERS & DEALERS IN

Carpetings, Oil Cloths, Etc., Etc.,

No. 29 North Second Street,

OPPOSITE CHRIST CHURCH,

PHILADELPHIA.

☞N. B.—Prices the lowest. Give us a call.

Go and See the Five and Ten Cent Bargains at
BARNARD'S.

GOODS worth Ten cents for Five. · Goods worth 15 to 20 cents for 10 and 15 and upwards A large lot of Tin Toys on wheels. Great Bargains now while the stock is full. Stoves, Ranges, etc. Custom work made to order in Tin, Sheet-Iron or Copper. Stoves repaired, Hot Air Furnaces repaired, Roofing done at lowest prices for cash ALL WORK WARRANTED.

SPRING 1881. "NOW READY." SPRING 1881.

CARD.—Our new and well-assorted stock of Dress Goods for spring of 1881 is now ready for examination and comparison. We hope to see the READER, and all their friends, who need anything in our line, which line comprises everything needed for a personal or house-furnishing outfit in Dry Goods, Notions, Hosiery, underwear, &c., in all their variety.

"SPECIAL BARGAINS IN BLACK GOODS."
JOHN MOORE & Co.,

517 AND 519 NORTH SECOND STREET, ABOVE NOBLE, PHILADELPHIA.

SPRING 1881. "COME SOON." SPRING 1881.

Men's CLOTHING

BROWNINGS.

Youths' CLOTHING

READY-MADE CLOTHING

—AND—

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS.

Our $1.00 White Shirt Beats the World.

The Most Complete Stock Ever Offered for Sale in Philadelphia.

Spring Overcoats in Full Assortment.

It will pay you to come for we leave others to get High Prices.

BROWNINGS,

Boys' CLOTHING

Ninth & Chestnut STREETS, PHILADELPHIA.

Children's CLOTHING

MISCELLANEOUS.

BARGAINS!

BARGAINS! BARGAINS!

I have several lines of goods that I wish to close out, not desiring to keep them in the future. A lot of

BOOKS,

in good condition and desirable, will be sold at a great sacrifice.

CHILDREN'S TOYS,
ENGRAVINGS,
CHROMOS, FRAMES,
BRACKETS, BASKETS,
SCHOOL-BOOKS,

and a lot of useful and ornamental articles. All will be closed out at cost, and many things at a great sacrifice, to make room for something else.
Drop in and ask the prices and see the goods.
J. H. BOSTWICK.

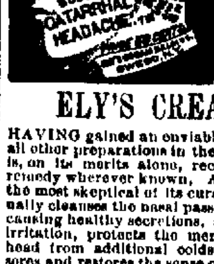
STOP

Coughing by using a bottle of
BOILEAU'S COUGH SYRUP.
At 15 and 25 cents per bottle.
If you have Frosted Feet, Boileau's
PERNIOTIC OR FROST WASH
Will cure them. 25 cents a bottle.
SICILY CANARY SEED, PLAIN OR MIXED,
10 cents per pound, at
W. N. K. BOILEAU'S
DORRANCE STREET PHARMACY.

INSURANCE!

ÆTNA, Hartford, Conn
FRANKLIN, Philadelphia.
QUEEN, Liverpool.
FARMERS', York, Pa.
WATERTOWN, N. Y
PROVIDENT LIFE & TRUST COMPANY, Philadelphia.
Represented by
FRANK P. ADAMS, Bristol.

SURVEYING & CONVEYANCING
IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.



DIRECTIONS.

For Catarrh, Hay Fever, Cold in the Head, &c., insert with little finger, a particle of the Balm into the nostrils, draw strong breaths through the nose It will be absorbed, cleansing and healing the the diseased membrane

Deafness

Apply a particle into the ear

ELY'S CREAM BALM

HAVING gained an enviable reputation, displacing all other preparations in the vicinity of discovery, is, on its merits alone, recognized as a wonderful remedy wherever known, A fair trial will convince the most skeptical of its curative powers It effectually cleanses the nasal passages of Catarrhal virus, causing healthy secretions, allays inflammation and irritation, protects the membranal linings of the head from additional colds, completely heals the sores and restores the sense of taste and smell. Beneficial results are realized by a few applications. A thorough treatment as directed will cure Catarrh. As a household remedy for cold in the head it is unequaled The Balm is easy to use and agreeable. Sold by druggists at 50 cents On receipt of 50 cents, will mail a package free. Send for circular, with full information
ELY'S CREAM BALM CO., Owego, N. Y.
For sale by H G Peters, W N K. Boileau, L. A. Hoguet, and Dr. Pursell.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION

—OF THE—

Farmers' National Bank of Bucks Co.,

At Bristol, in the State of Penna , at the close of business, March 11th, 1881.

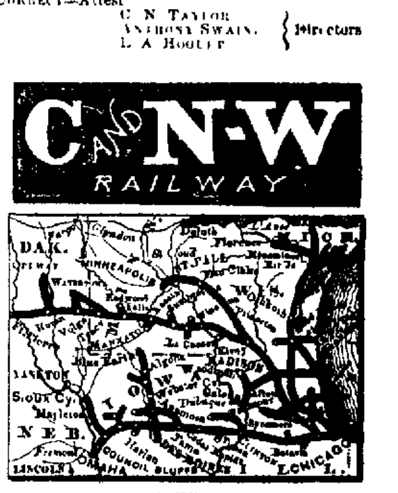
RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts	$218,103 67
U S Bonds to secure circulation	93,0.0 00
U S. Bonds on hand	10,000 00
Other stocks, bonds, and mortgages	33,550 00
Due from approved reserve agents	71,281 92
Due from other National Banks	22,052 60
Due from State Banks and bankers	3 464 65
Real estate, furniture, and fixtures	9 500 00
Current expenses and taxes paid	3,207 64
Premiums Paid	59 12
Checks and other cash items	1,781 12
Bills of other Banks	4 413 00
Fractional currency, nickels, and pennies	73 19
Specie	39 970 00
Legal tender notes	18,022 00
U S certificates of dep'it for legal tenders	15,000 00
Redemption fund with U S Treasurer, (5 per cent of circulation)	4,150 00
TOTAL	$547,713 81

LIABILITIES

Capital stock paid in	$ 32,220 00
Surplus fund	75,000 00
Undivided profits	15 015 84
National Bank notes outstanding	72,675 00
Dividends unpaid	251 90
Individual deposits subject to check	264 200 75
Due to other National Banks	20 261 30
Due to State Bank and bankers	2,084 22
TOTAL	$547,718 91

State of Penna , County of Bucks, ss:
I, Charles F Iredell, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly affirm that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief
C F IREDELL, Cashier
Subscribed and affirmed to before me this 19th day of March, 1881
I S TOMLINSON Notary Public.
CORRECT—Attest
C N TAYLOR
ANTHONY SWAIN, Directors
L A HOGUET



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Council Bluffs, Omaha.
DENVER, LEADVILLE,
SALT LAKE, SAN FRANCISCO,
DEADWOOD, SIOUX CITY,

Cedar Rapids, Des Moines, Columbus, and all Points in the Territories, and the West. Also, for Milwaukee. Green Bay, Oshkosh, Sheboygan, Marquette, Fond du Lac, Watertown, Houghton, Neenah, Menasha, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Huron, Volga, Fargo, Bismarck, Winona, LaCrosse Owatonna, and all points in Minnesota, Dakota, Wisconsin and the Northwest.

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Insist upon Ticket Agents selling you Tickets via this road. Examine your Tickets, and refuse to buy if they do not read over the Chicago & North-Western Railway.

If you wish the Best Travelling Accommodations you will buy your Tickets by this route.

☞AND WILL TAKE NONE OTHER.

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MARVIN HUGHITT, 2d V. P. & Gen'l Manag'r, Chicago.

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A DESIRABLE RESIDENCE on Radcliffe St. Immediate possession. For terms and particulars apply to WM. J. JONES.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

THREE BRAVE MEN.

Pretty Barbara Ferros would not marry. Her mother was in consternation. "Why are you so stubborn, Barbara?" she asked. "You have plenty of lovers."

"But they don't suit me," said Barbara, coolly tying her curls before the mirror.

"Why not?"

"When I marry I want a man who is brave—equal to any emergency. If I give up my liberty, I want to be taken care of."

"Silly child! What is the matter with big Barney, the blacksmith?"

"He is big, but I never learned that he was brave."

"And you never heard that he was not. What is the matter with Ernest the gunsmith?"

"He's as placid as goat's milk."

"That is no sign he is a coward. There is little Fritz, the tanner, he is quarrelsome enough for you, surely."

"He's no bigger than a bantam. It is little he could do if the house was set upon by robbers."

"It is not always strength that wins a fight, girl. It takes brains as well as brawn. Come now, Barbara, give these fellows a fair trial."

Barbara turned her face before the mirror, letting down one raven tress and looping up another. "I will, mother," said she at last

That evening Ernest, the gunsmith, knocked early at the door. "You sent for me, Barbara," he said, going to the girl, who stood upon the hearth coquettishly warming one pretty foot and then the other.

"Yes, Ernest," she replied, "I've been thinking of what you said the other night, when you were here."

"Well, Barbara?"

Ernest spoke quietly, but his dark blue eyes flashed, and he looked at her intently.

"I want to test you."

"How?"

"I want to see if you dare to do a very disagreeable thing."

What is it?"

"There is an old coffin up stairs It smells of mould. They say Reemond, the murderer was buried in it; but the devil came for his body and left the coffin empty at the end of a week, and it was finally taken from the tomb. It is up stairs in the room which my grandfather died, and they say grandsire does not easy lie in his grave, for some reason, though that I know nothing about. Dare you make that your bed to-night?"

Ernest laughed. "Is that all? I will do that and sleep soundly. Why, pretty one, did you think I had weak nerves?"

"Your nerves will have good proof if you undertake it. Remember no one sleeps in that part of the house."

"I shall sleep the sounder."

"Good night, then. I will send a lad to show you the chamber. If you stay there all night," said the imperious Miss Barbara, "I will marry you."

"You vow it?"

"I vow it."

Ernest turned straightway and followed the lad in waiting through the dim rooms and passages, up echoing stairs, along narrow, damp ways, where rats scuttled before them, to a low chamber.

Ernest stretched himself in the coffin. "Be kind enough to tell Miss Barbara that it's a good fit," said he. The boy went out and shut the door, leaving the gunsmith alone in the dark.—Meanwhile Barbara was talking with the blacksmith in the keeping room.

"Barney," said she, pulling her hands away from his grasp when he would have kissed her, "I've a test to put to you before I give my answer. There is a corpse lying in the chamber where my grandsire died, in the untenanted wing of the house. If you dare to sit with it there all night, and let nothing drive you away from your post, you will not ask me to marry you in vain."

"You give me a light, a bottle of wine and a book to read?"

"Nothing."

"Are these all the conditions you can offer me, Barbara?"

"All. And if you get frightened, you need never look me in the face again."

"I'll take them, then."

So Barney was conducted to his post by the lad, who had been instructed in the secret, and whose voluntary stare at Ernest's placid face as it lay in the coffin was interpreted by Barney to be the natural awe of a corpse. He took his seat, and the boy left him alone with the darkness and the rats and the coffin.

Soon after, young Fritz, the tanner, arrived, flattered and hopeful from the fact that Barbara had sent for him.

"Have you changed your mind, Barbara?" he said.

"No, and I shall not until I know that you can do a really brave thing."

"What shall it be? I swear to satisfy you, Barbara."

"I have a proposal to make you. My plan requires skill as well as courage."

"Tell me."

"Well, in this house is a man watching by a corpse. He has sworn not to leave his post until morning. If you can make him do it, I shall be satisfied that you are as smart and as brave as I require a husband to be."

"Why, nothing is so easy," exclaimed Fritz. "I can scare him away. Furnish me with a sheet, show me the room, and go to your rest, Barbara. You will find me at my post in the morning."

Barbara did as he required, and saw the tanner step blithely away to his task. It was then nearly twelve o'clock, and she sought her own chamber.

Barney had been sitting at his vigil and so far all had been well. The night seemed very long, for he had no means of counting the time. At times a thrill went through him, for it seemed to him as if he could hear low, suppressed breathing not far away; but he persuaded himself that it was the wind blowing through the crevices of the old house. Still it was very lonely and not at all cheerful.

The face in the coffin gleamed whiter through the darkness. The rats squeaked as if famine was upon them and they smelled flesh. The thought made him shudder. He got up and walked about, but something made a slight noise, as if somebody was behind him, and he put his chair with the back against the wall and sat down again He had been hard at work all day, and, in spite of everything, he grew sleepy. Finally he nodded and snored.

Suddenly it seemed as if somebody had touched him. He awoke with a start but saw nobody near, though in the centre of the room stood a white figure. "Curse you, get out of this!" he exclaimed in a fright, using the very first words that came to his tongue. The figure held up it right arm and slowly approached him. He started to his feet. The spectre came nearer, pressing him into a corner. "The ——— take you!" cried Barney, in his great alarm.

Involuntarily he stepped back. Still the figure advanced, coming nearer and nearer and extending both arms. The hair started upon Barney's head; he grew desperate, and, as the gleaming arms would have touched him, he fell upon the ghost like a whirlwind, tearing off the sheet, thumping and pounding, beating and kicking, more and more enraged at the resistance he met, which told him the truth.

As the reader knows, he was big and Fritz was little, and while pummelling the little tanner unmercifully, and Fritz was trying to lunge at Barney's stomach, to take the wind out of him, both plunging and kicking like horses, they were petrified by hearing a voice cry:

"Take one of your size, big Barney!"

Looking around they saw the corpse sitting up in his coffin. This was too much; they released each other and sprang for the door. They never knew how they got out; but they ran home in haste, panting like stags.

It was Barbara herself who came and opened the door upon Ernest the next morning.

"It's very early; one more little nap," said he, turning over in his coffin.

So she married, and though she sent Fritz and Barney invitations to the wedding, they did not appear. If they discovered the trick, they kept the knowledge to themselves, and never willingly faced Barbara's laughing eyes again.

A SEA MONSTER.—A short time ago a young Italian named Montinari tried to cross the Adriatic in a skiff. A storm came up and for nearly forty-eight hours he struggled against winds and waves and contrived to keep his tiny craft afloat, although he lost an oar early in his involuntary cruise and sustained severe hurts upon his head, right foot, chest and both hands. Toward sunset of the second day, when he had given up all hope of human aid, he espied afar off the smoke arising from a steamer's funnel. By almost superhuman effort he succeeded in approaching the steamer within hailing distance and piteously implored the captain to take him on board. The latter, addressing him in French, asked him "how much he would give to be saved," to which barbarous queston Montinari replied, "A thousand francs." "That is too little," rejoined his inhuman interlocutor, and the steamer proceeded on her way. Eleven hours later he was rescued by the Russian bark Jenny.

A few days ago a youthful Zulu of about twelve summers, named Pea Blossom, was convicted of stealing, in a Galveston court, and sentenced to imprisonment in the county jail. "He is rather young to steal, I should suppose," remarked a bystander to Uncle Mose. "No, sah. He is not too young to steal; but he is cotched a little earlier den de rest ob 'em. Dat's all."

(Louisville Home and Farm)

Frank O. Herring, Esq., of the Champion Safe Works 251 and 252 Broadway, New York, reports the use of St. Jacobs Oil for a stiffness and soreness of shoulder, with most pleasant and efficacious effects.

☞ It is said that there is only one thing in the world that is sure namely—death. We can now add another sure thing—Sine's Syrup of Tar It's sure to cure a Cough or Cold.

☞ A promising young horse has been named Dr Tanner in hopes that it will make him fast.—*Ex hange.* That might do for some horses, but we had rather take our chances on a package of M. B. Robert's Horse Powders, as they guarantee a healthy and vigorous constitution, which is essential for any horses speed and endurance.

☞ "Of all sad words of tongue or pen
The saddest are these, 'it might have been'."

The above quotation was forcibly brought to mind the other day by hearing a young lady remark that she would not now be dying with Consumption, if she had taken Sines Syrup of Tar, Wild Cherry and Horehound, in November last, and cured her cold, as a friend of hers did.

☞ We understand that all the farmers' horses in this section that are given M. B. Roberts' Horse Powders are able to plough from one third to one-half more acres per day than those that are given any other, owing to their laxative, tonic, and purifying qualities. We advise all those that have not used them to do so. They are not adulterated with bran or cake meal and sold by the pound, but are put up in neat packages from pure drugs and sold for 25 cents by all druggists.

☞ The hens are preparing for Easter—laying for it, so to speak.—*Somerset Herald.* The only objection we have to them is they do not meet it squarely. They go at it in a kind of round (about) way, but we are of the opinion that this could be remedied to a certain extent by the use of M. B. Robert's Poultry Powders, for it makes the hens act "on the square" by laying double-yolked eggs.

☞ She went to the play of "Olivette,"
And near an open window she set,
And by so doing she there met.
The rate of all who rashly get
So imprudent.

She saw a notice in the weekly *Star*,
"To Cure a Cold—Use Sines' Syrup of Tar"
So she went to her druggist, and then and there
Invested with a single quarter
In the article.

Now if you only be re occasion to see,
How earnest and vehement she be
When telling how quickly and entirely
So was cured the cold, caught on a sled settee
'I will surprise you.

☞ Headache cured for 25 cents by Dr. Mettaur's Headache and Dyspepsia Pills.

☞ Try a bottle of St. James' Oil for Rheumatism and neuralgia. Price 25 cents. Boileau's, Dorrance St. pharmacy.

☞ The highest hopes and interests of the race rest on the purity, health and strength of womanhood. We take pleasure in referring our readers to the remarkable efficacy of Lydia Pinkham's Vegetable Compound in all that class of diseases from which women suffer so much.

☞ I believe Ely's Cream Balm to be the best article for catarrh and hay fever ever offered to the public. It has given satisfaction in every case, and knowing its merits I recommend it. Samuel J. Wilson, druggist, Wilkesbarre, Pa.

Good Advice.

If you keep your stomach, liver and kidneys in perfect working order, you will prevent and cure by far the greater part of the ills that afflict mankind in this or any section There is no medicine known that will do this as quickly or surely as Parker's Ginger Tonic, which will secure a perfectly natural action of these important organs without interfering in the least with your daily duties.—See adv.

☞ Headache, all bilious disorders, Dyspepsia and Constipation cured by Dr. Mettaur's Headache and Dyspepsia Pills. Price 25 cents.

☞ Tropic Fruit Laxative and Ely's Cream Balm, at Boileau's Dorrance street Pharmacy.

☞ W. Grace, 112 Cedar street above, Episcopal Church, Bristol Pa., dealer in Wall Paper and Window Shades, has the largest and best assortment in Bristol, wholesale and retail. Call and examine styles before purchasing elsewhere.

☞ Everybody says so. Mertz, corner Pond and Washington streets has the largest bread in Bristol.

☞ For fine confectionery and fruits, send your order to Mertz.

MISCELLANEOUS.

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AT
WOOD'S CASH STORE.

Best Hams, warranted,	11½c lb.
New Carolina Rice,	6c.
Oat Meal,	5 c.
Flour, best,	20c. bag.
Buckwheat,	2.90 cwt.
Good Starch,	4c. lb.
Good Tea,	30c. lb.
Better Tea,	40c. lb
Good coffee	18c.
Better coffee,	20c. lb.
Best Rio,	25c. lb.
Mackerel, fat,	2c. each.
Washing Soap,	2, 3, 4c.
Canned Tomatoes	10c.
Canned Table Peaches,	17c.
Splendid N. O. Molases,	50c. gal.
Fine Syrup,	50c. gal.
Trenton Crackers,	9c. lb.
Mince Meat,	9c. lb.
Fine Raisins,	10 lb.

FRAZER AXLE GREASE.

Best in the world Lasts longer than any others Always in good condition Cures sores, cuts, bruise, and corns Costs but little more than the imitations Every package has the trade mark. Call for the genuine, and take no other

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OF LYNN, MASS.

DISCOVERER OF
LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND.

The Positive Cure

For all Female Complaints.

This preparation, as its name signifies, consists of Vegetable Properties that are harmless to the most delicate invalid Upon one trial the merits of this Compound will be recognized, as relief is immediate, and when its use is continued, in ninety-nine cases in a hundred, a permanent cure is effected, as the testimonials will testify. On account of its proven merit, it is today recommended and prescribed by the best physicians in the country.

It will cure entirely the worst forms of Female Complaints of the uterus, Leucorrhœa, Irregular and Painful Menstruation, all Ovarian Troubles, Inflammation and Ulceration, Floodings, all Displacements and the consequent spinal weakness, and is especially adapted to the Change of Life It will dissolve and expel tumors from the uterus in an early stage of development The tendency to cancerous humors there is checked very speedily by its use.

In fact it has proved to be the greatest and best remedy that has ever been discovered It permeates every portion of the system, and gives new life and vigor It removes the faint, fatiguing feeling, destroys all craving for stimulants, and restores the vigor of the stomach

It cures Bloating, Headaches, Nervous Prostration, General Debility, Sleeplessness, Depression and Indigestion. That feeling of bearing down, causing pain, weight and backache, is at once permanently cured by its use. It will in all times and under all circumstances, act in harmony with the laws that govern the female system.

For Kidney Complaints of either sex this compound is unsurpassed.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Is prepared at 233 and 235 Western Avenue, Lynn Mass Price $1 00. Six bottles for $5 00. Sent by mail in the form of pills, also in the form of Lozenges, on receipt of price, $1.00, per box, for either. Mrs. PINKHAM freely answers all letters of inquiry Send for pamphlet. Address as above *Mention this paper*

No family should be without LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S LIVER PILLS. They cure Constipation, Biliousness and Torpidity of the Liver 25 cents per box.

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INGRAIN CARPETS, 5 cents per yard.
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Can always be found a full line of
Fine Groceries and Provisions
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EDWARD H FOSTER,
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Money collected. Property rented.
A. WEIR GILKESON,
Attorney-at-Law,
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MISCELLANEOUS.

WM. O. PEIRCE,
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No. 136 SOUTH THIRD STREET,
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Orders received for the purchase and sale of all kinds of investment securities dealt in at the Stock Exchange, including Government Bonds, State and City Loans, Railroad Bonds and Stocks, &c., &c. 551

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AND WHY?
BECAUSE—Our goods are always found as we represent them.
BECAUSE—Consumers have come to the conclusion they might as well have the best they can get, when they have to pay no more for it.
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Insures Dwelling Houses, Stores, &c., &
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FACTS WORTH KNOWING.
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So perfect is the composition of PARKER'S GINGER TONIC that no disease can long exist where it is used. If you have Dyspepsia, Headache, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Bowel, Kidney or Liver Disorder, or if you need a mild stimulant, or appetizer, the TONIC is just the medicine for you, as it is highly curative and invigorating, but never intoxicating.
If you are slowly wasting away with Consumption or any sickness, if you have a Painful Cough or a bad Cold, PARKER'S GINGER TONIC will surely help you. It gives new life and vigor to the feeble and aged, and is a certain cure for Rheumatism and Cholera Infantum. It Has Saved Hundreds of Lives; It May Save Yours.
If you are feeling miserable don't wait until you are down sick, but use the TONIC to-day No matter what your disease or symptoms may be, it will give prompt relief.
Remember! PARKER'S GINGER TONIC is not a rum drink but the Best and Purest Family Medicine ever made, compounded by a new process, and entirely different from Bitters, ginger preparations and all other Tonics. Try a 50c. bottle. Your druggist can supply you.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
The Best and Most Economical Hair Dressing
exquisitely perfumed and perfectly harmless.
Will Always Restore Gray or Faded Hair to its original youthful color and appearance, and is warranted to stop its falling, assist its growth and prevent baldness
A few applications of the BALSAM will soften the hair, cleanse all dandruff and cure itching and humours of the scalp. Sold by all druggists at only 50c.

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A Speciality.
Estimates furnished and all orders promptly attended to.

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NEW YORK DIVISION.

Trains to and from Bristol Station

For West Philadelphia.
3:15, 5 20, 6:34, 7:10, 8.21, 9.10, 10:15, 10:46 A M, 12.25, 1.11, 3:01, 4 20, 5 55, 6:25, 6:51, 6:30 6:57, 7.21, 9:28, 10:51, 12:05 P. M
SUNDAYS—3:15, 6.31 A. M., 12 25, 5 24, 6.57, 7.10, 9 28, 10.51, 12 05 P M.

For Kensington.
6:50, 7:36, 9:21, 9:40 A. M, 12:25, 3:20, 5.55, 6:51, 7:21 P M.
SUNDAYS—12:25, 5:24 P. M.

For New York.
12:54, 7:27, 9:15, 11:42, A. M., 3:21, 5:29 P M.
SUNDAYS—12:54, 9:15 A. M., 5:29 P. M.

For Trenton.
12:54, 7:27, 8:30, 9:15, 11:00, 11:43 A. M., 12:47, 3:00, 4:55, 5:38, 6:17, 6:51, 6:58, 8:39, 9:22 P. M.
SUNDAYS.—12:54, 9:15, 9:49 A M., 3:00, 8:39 P. M.

From Trenton
2:45, 6:30, 7:15, 8:00, 9:30, 10:28, A. M., 12:01, 12:55, 2:45, 3:00, 3.35, 5:30, 6.40, 7:00, 9.05, 10 52, 11.46 P. M.
SUNDAYS.—3:15, 8:21 A. M., 12:35, 5:24, 6:57, 9:28, 10:51, 12:05 P. M.

From Kensington.
7:00, 7:45, 8:35, 10:15 A. M, 2:15, 4:15, 4:45, 5:30, 6:15, P M
SUNDAYS.—9:00 A. M, 3:15 P. M.

From West Philadelphia.
12:01 Night, 5:20, 6:30, 7:00, 7 40, 8:36, 10.00, 11:00, A M, 12:01 Noon, 2:00, 4:10, 4:45, 5:20, 5.45, 6 05, 6 30, 7:45, 8 00, 9:30 P. M
SUNDAYS—12:01, 8:40, 8:45 A. M., 2:00, 6:00, 8:00 P. M.

From New York.
3.40, 11:00, A. M., 1:00, 5 00, 7.00, 8.30, 10 00, 12.00 P. M.
SUNDAYS.—3.30 A M, 5:00, 7:00, 8:30, 10:00, 12:00 P. M

For further information see time tables, which can be obtained at the ticket office.

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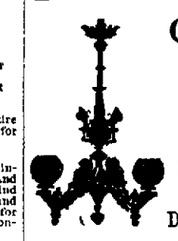

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